THE MARION DAILY STAR.

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Hundreds of Lives

Sacrificed to the Relentless God of the Winds.

BUILDINGS DESTROYED.

A Great Silk Factory Demolished and Many People Buried in the Debris. Dozens of Other Buildings Blown Down, and a Great Number of Lives Lost—A Partial List of the Victims.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 10.—There was an awful catastrophe at 12:30 p. m. The high wind that struck the city at that hour completely demolished the large brick building in process of construction in Diamond alley, immediately in the rear of Welden & Company's store. The building was as far up as the seventh story. It is a complete wreck. As it went down it crushed in its fall the barber shop next door. The crushing building was then thrown against Welden & Company's store and crushed out the front into Wood street.

The whole front in front of J. R. Welden & Company's is full of debris. There were twenty men working in the new building. The rear of all the stores on Wood street as far up as the 1st store of Paulson Brothers were wrecked. Six men were in the barber shop, two have been removed alive, two dead, and two are still under the debris. There were at least fifteen painters in the rear of Welden & Company's, on the second floor, and many of them were hurt by injured.

As fast as the injured could be dug out they were carried on stretchers to the various hospitals. One man on the top of the new building fell into the basement. His skull was fractured and both legs broken.

United States Signal Officer Stewart said that the storm came from the southwest. It made its first appearance in Texas on Monday, reaching Arkansas, struck Chicago at 8 o'clock yesterday morning. The storm then swerved in a direct line for Pittsburg, which however, escaped the greatest severity. The track of its force lay northwest of this city. Just before the storm struck this city, the barometer registered 29.06, the lowest point reached here since the establishment of the signal service in this city. At 12:30 o'clock the velocity of the wind was fourteen miles an hour, five minutes later it had attained twenty-five miles, which rapidly increased in force until the greatest velocity, that of forty miles an hour was reached at 12:45. After the first shock, lasting only five minutes, the fury of the wind subsided, and at 12:55 had decreased to thirty-two miles an hour. Pittsburg was never before visited by a storm so furious. There was also a remarkable change in temperature. Between 12 o'clock and 2 o'clock the temperature changed from fifty four degrees to forty degrees.

The new iron city nut works building at the corner of Forty-Sixth and Hatfield was entirely demolished by the wind. William Menz, shafting rigger, was instantly killed. Loss on building $10,000; insured.

The historic Fort Pitt foundry, at the corner of Ferry and Thirteenth streets, is badly wrecked. The Thirteenth side was blown out entire. Loss $7,000.

Telegraph, electric light and telephone wires throughout the city was badly broken and tangled. Several houses in the west end and outside of the city was more or less damaged, the most serious being the destruction of the roof of the South Side market house, and part of the roof on Oliver Brothers and Phillips mill.

There was but little damage to property in Allegheny City. Business in the lower part of the city was practically suspended. All interest centers at the scene of the terrible catastrophe on Wood and Diamond streets. Crowds throng the streets eager for the news or ready to assist in the rescue of the many unfortunate victims. Policemen, firemen and citizens are hard at work upon the ruins hunting for imprisoned people.

It is believed that several persons are still beneath the tons of brick, mortar, iron girders and heavy timbers, as out of thirty men employed on the new Wiley building but seven have been accounted for.

At 4:15 o'clock a portion of the wall suddenly gave way, burying three firemen and Rev. Father Canevan, who were trying to get water to an injured boy. The firemen were slightly injured. Father Canevan's head was cut and his back cut and bruised.

At 9:30 last night the dead body of a colored boy, name unknown, was taken out and removed to the morgue. A few moments later the elevator boy, James Garing, employed in Welden's store was removed. He was unconscious and is probably fatally injured. A rescuing party are now engaged in tearing away the foundation wall from under another part of Welden's building. Voices calling for assistance have been heard at frequent intervals.

The following is a list of the killed, as reported at police headquarters up to 8 o'clock:

Samuel Sprunger, taken out of the wreck dead; lived in Allegheny.

W. W. McKown, still in the wreck; believed to be dead.

Samuel Brown, Jr., lying dead under steam boiler.

Charles Fritsch, apprentice in barber shop, suffocated.

M. Teetman, body still covered by debris; lived in Allegheny.

Two men, names unknown, at morgue.

George Mason, residence unknown, at morgue.

Dr. J. L. Reed, one of the oldest physicians in the city, was on the second floor of the Welden building. He was caught by the falling wall, and is lying dead under the elevator cage in the cellar.

The elevator boy in Welden's store was also pinned beneath the elevator. For a long time his agonizing cries for relief could be heard.

One of the pitiful sights to be seen at the ruins were the feet of two men sticking up through the debris. It was impossible to get to them until a trembling wall that appeared ready to fall with a breath had been secured. It is believed that there are three other persons buried near the same place.

George L. Halliday, who had an office in the rear of the Welden's building, is among the missing, and it is feared that he has been killed. Mr. Halliday is president of Pittsburg select council, and one of the most prominent citizens of the city.

The following is a complete list of the injured at the Homeopathic hospital. A full description of their injuries cannot yet be obtained. Many of them will die:

Thomas McKee, Alfred Lambert, head, back cut and bruised; John Downey, George Mason, fatally hurt; W. McCurdy, Charles Pettigard, Alice Carty, J. A. Reymer, T. E. Davis, Peter S. Foster, Oscar C. Smith, Bernard O'Connor, Weldin Mason Jr., John Redut, colored; Thomas Lemon, [illegible] Sam, David Courtney, Frank Barrett, [illegible] McKown, Martin Hilbert, James Wood, William Springer, Alice McGlove, William Wilson, Charles Cully, fireman truck A; Evan Pew, hose company No. 2; Thomas Barker, engine company No. 12.

The following are at West Penn hospital: Morris Ryan, fatally injured; J. H. Herring, fatally injured. Others injured and assisted away by friends are: Gus Measner, George Scott, T. E. Meloitte, George Long, all compositors in Joseph Eschebacher's printing house.

Harry Faulkner, Jerry Huckenstein, William Landon, John McGlone, Samuel Brown, St. Ernest Reinhart, were removed to the Allegheny general hospital, and Owen Donnelly was taken to Mercy hospital.

Some of the losses in this city have been estimated as follows: Walls & Company, books and stationary, loss, $2,000; J. A. Gallinger, china store, loss, $3,000; J. R. Welden & Company, stationary, books, wholesale and retail, loss on building and stock, $15,000.

Those of the injured at the Homeopathic hospital who are thought by the physicians to be fatally injured are: Courtney, Barrett, Barber, Lemmon, McCardy, Lambert and McKee.

It is generally believed that the cause of the collapse of the new Willey building is as much attributable to the poor quality of mortar and material used in the construction of the walls, as to the force and power of the wind. The contractor on the work, as well as the city building inspectors, come in for condemnation on all sides. At this hour the officials and citizens are still hard at work, as it is known positively that there are other persons under the debris. All possible effort is being made to reach the spot from which the appeals for aid were last heard. The dangerous condition of the surrounding tottering walls compels the greatest care on the part of the rescuers.

A report has just reached the city that the storm struck the shops of the Westinghouse Air Brake company, a large brick structure at Wilmarding, fourteen miles from the city, on the line of the Pennsylvania railroad. One side of the foundation was damaged, making the building in a dangerous condition. The damage will be very heavy.

Trainmen report more or less damage to property on nearly all the railroads entering the city.

At Appollo on the West Pennsylvania railway considerable damage was done and one man killed.

A number of buildings were destroyed at Steubenville, O.

Several buildings were blown down at Jeanette on the Pennsylvania railroad.

Telegrams to the Times from Altoona state that wires are down throughout the center part of the state but that trainmen coming into Altoona report damage at the interior towns that it is expected to reach several hundred thousand dollars.

Several bridges were also blown down. Reports of a similar nature are coming in from all points in the western part of the state.

A telegram from Williamsport, Pa., to the Times says a cyclone struck that city at 4 o'clock. It wrecked the foundry department of the Demorest Sewing Machine company; loss $10,000. A portion of the Markey Decorative works was unroofed; loss $5,000. Two new dwelling houses were wrecked. No lives lost. Many chimneys and mill stacks are down.

At Reading.

READING, Pa., Jan. 10.—A cyclone struck this city shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, demolishing a number of buildings, including Grimshaw & Brothers' large silk mill. In the latter were upwards of two hundred operatives who were buried in the ruins, and many have been killed. At 9:30 o'clock last night about one hundred persons had been taken out, many of whom were dead. It is impossible to obtain a list of the injured and killed at this hour, but it is known that the killed and injured will exceed one hundred and fifty.

The storm swept down the Lebanon Valley railroad, and many barns and other property are reported wrecked. The telegraph wires in the track of the storm were badly mixed up and it is impossible to get details, but it is known that great damage has been done.

When the cyclone first struck Reading the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad company's paint shop was unroofed, and in less than ten minutes the entire structure was enveloped in flames. Several gas chambers underneath the passenger cars exploded and four persons were killed and several others badly injured.

The killed are: George Schaffer, Sheridan Jones, Albert Laidenberger and John Kohle.

The storm then continued eastward, dealing out destruction in its path. Nine dwellings on North Eighth and Marion streets were unroofed and otherwise badly damaged. The cyclone cut a swath of about two hundred and fifty feet, and everything in its way was either leveled to the ground or very badly wrecked. The next building in its track was the immense silk mill of Grimshaw Brothers, located at Twelfth and Marion streets. This building was filled with several hundred operatives, and not a single soul escaped uninjured. The structure, which was four stories high and 200x70 feet, is a mass of ruins. Not a single brick remains of the beautiful building except the stack and engine room. The fire department was called out, and 10,000 women and children quickly assembled about the wrecked mill. The cries of the wounded and dying and their friends was heart rending. Willing hands, however, quickly got to work, and at 9:45 o'clock some seventy persons were taken out. Twelve of these were dead, and many fatally injured. Those who were less seriously hurt were taken to their homes, while those who received more serious injuries were taken to the hospital.

To-night [illegible] are to the present are Annie Robinson, Ella Long, Amelia Christman, Henry Crocker, foreman; Mary Reidpoar, Kate Lees, John Ruber, Sophia Winklemun, William Robinson, Rose Klemmer, Kate Bowman, Tillie Groh, Eva Leeds.

The injured are: George Noonan, John Antenbach, Sadie Rhoades, Mary Reeses, George Nieman, Sallie Young, Sallie Hasson, George Grimshaw, Jr., one of the owners, Augustus Frossiaup, Kate Alspach, Kate Hartmen, Sallie E. Bright, Joanna Frankenfield, Kate Fitzpatrick, Minnie Meckel, Annie and Howard Bracker, Sallie Savage, Lizzie Ahrens, Bahla Hosman, Ellie Salem, Ellie Pfluem. These have been taken out. It will take until 6 o'clock in the morning, probably later in the day, before the debris can be cleared away and the killed and injured are recovered.

The officers of the silk mill think that from sixty to eighty employes were killed, mostly young women. Many bodies are still in the ruins. In many cases the damage done was such as would be accomplished by an ordinary high wind but in others it seemed to crush from above. This was notably the case at the silk mill. Eye witnesses say that the building went down all in a heap as though a huge weight had dropped upon and smashed it.

The storm came from a huge black cloud, which was observed traveling from the west. It was accompanied by violent rain. In the other part of the city there was a violent wind storm which did little serious damage. At and around the railroad yards on North Sixth street the gale was so strong that freight and passenger cars were blown from the tracks.

At Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Jan. 10.—A terrible storm of wind, accompanied by torrents rain, swept down the west branch valley yesterday afternoon. Considerable damage was done in all directions, the particulars of which are in eager at this hour by reason of telegraph and telephone communication being interrupted. In that city the damage was particularly severe. About a dozen houses demolished, the Markey decorative works unroofed and the buildings of the Demorest Sewing Machine company demolished. The damage sustained by the Markey people will amount to $50,000, and that of the Demorest works $100,000. The brick walls of the foundry department in course of construction, a story in height 200 feet long by fifty wide, were razed to the foundation. Several persons are reported as having been injured or killed, but this is not confirmed. Much damage has been done to their property in surrounding towns. From Sunbury word comes that the stack of the nail works mill was blown, ten men buried in the ruins and one or two killed.

At Carlisle, Pennsylvania.

CARLISLE, Pa., Jan. 10.—About half past three o'clock yesterday afternoon a terrible cyclone struck this city and destroyed thousands of dollars worth of property and the probable fatal injury to several persons. The roof of the industrial training school was blown off, windows smashed and broken. The damage to the school will reach $5,000. The city armory was blown down. Bretz's stables were blown down, telephone and electric light wires were broken and the town was in total darkness last night. A lady named McStover and several others, whose names cannot yet be learned, were severely if not fatally injured. The reports from the surrounding country indicate a severe loss to the farmers. Barns, stables, houses and fences were blown down. The losses so far as heard from will reach $30,000.

Dynamiters at Work.

A Tailor Shop Blown Up at New Richmond, Ohio.

VERY FORTUNATE ESCAPE

Of Six Occupants of the Demolished Building—No Cause Known for the Dastardly Deed, as the Occupant Has No Known Enemies.

BATAVIA, O., Jan. 10.—Scarcely has the White Cap excitement died out in Clermont and Brown counties ere we are threatened with a still graver evil—that of Anarchy. At least the instrument of destruction employed is that identified with them.

At about 10 o'clock last night the citizens of New Richmond were startled by a report resembling a cannon, or a boiler explosion. The sound was in the direction of the railroad depot, and upon arriving at the spot a fearful wreck met their gaze. The tailor shop of Thomas Hall an industrious and honest citizen, had been almost completely demolished, it is supposed by dynamite.

The cartridge seems to have been inserted under the corner of the building, immediately beneath the stove, which was blown into a hundred fragments. The explosion also destroyed most of the machinery of the establishment. The building is badly shattered, but can probably be repaired. The room was occupied at the time by Mr. Hall, and five of his friends, who were uninjured.

Had the cartridge been placed further under the building, as was no doubt intended, they must inevitably have been killed outright. Mr. Hall's shop adjoined his dwelling house, and it was probably the design of the fiends to destroy the entire building. No cause is assigned for the outrage, Mr. Hall having no one aware that he is aware of, being an honest and law-abiding gentleman.

The Australian System of Voting.

INDIANAPOLIS Jan. 10.—Just to see how it works, the Hendricks club, Indiana's leading Democratic organization, at its annual election Tuesday night tried the Australian system of voting and the supporters of the successful ticket liked it so well that they passed a resolution endorsing it, with the recommendations that a bill embracing similar regulations of voting should be adopted by the general assembly for the government of Indiana elections.

Kilrain Imposed Upon.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 10.—Kilrain says he thinks his agents have made too many concessions, but he expects to win the fight with Sullivan.

It Must Not Come In.

Why Utah is Unfit to Become a State.

C. W. WEST INTERVIEWED

Four-Fifths of the People of That Territory Ruled Absolutely By One-Man Power—Governor West Does Not Mince Matters Respecting the State of Affairs There.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Mr. C. W. West who was appointed governor of Utah by President Cleveland, is in Washington. He intends to appear before the house committee on territories to oppose the admission of Utah as a state. The sentiment, he says was shared by nearly every non-Mormon or Gentile in the territory, Governor West places his objection on the broad ground that the Mormons are unfitted to exercise the rights of American citizenship.



GALES W. WEST.

"Of the 220,000 people within the limits of the territory," he continued, "four-fifths are Mormons. They are ruled practically by a one-man power. They do as they are bidden. They obey the demands of the church without a murmur. They pay one-tenth of their earnings, from whatever source they may come, to the church. Their first president, who is seer, prophet and revelator, is supposed to receive his instructions from on high, and his utterances are accepted as the word of God. To give these people the sovereign rights it is proposed to bestow upon them would be to place every non-Mormon in Utah completely at their mercy.

"Under a territorial form of government we are protected by congress and the executive. Confer the right of statehood upon Utah and the Mormons would frame a constitution and laws so unjust and arbitrary in their character that an outsider could not live among them. Hence, I say, all the non-Mormons in the territory, without regard to party, oppose the proposition of statehood."

"What do you propose as a substitute?" Governor West was asked.

"I favor leaving it a territory but so amending the law as to greatly abridge the power of the church. A territorial commission, acting in conjunction with a governor, which would control all appointments, would answer our purpose exactly. By this means we could break down the power of the church and Utah would enter upon an era of prosperity such as no other territory has ever known. When I speak of breaking down the power of the church I must not be understood as opposing their religion per se. It is the church we are fighting.

"The church is a huge political machine, which is virtually controlled by one man, or at least one man with whom are associated twelve others known as apostles. These people rule as despotically as the czar of Russia. You see, do you not, what a power they possess and how unjustly they might use it, if once the territory was admitted as a state, for then neither congress nor the executive would have the right to interfere. The Mormons have a theory that the greatest of human institutions is a theo-democracy. Ask them what a theo-democracy means and they answer, 'When God speaks the people say amen.' According to their doctrine God speaks through their first president, as he is called. Whatever he says or does is right, and the people with one acclaim shout 'Amen.'"

"Are not the Mormons in sympathy with the principles of the Democratic party?"

"The Mormons have no political convictions. They affiliate with the party which is the most useful to them, whether it be the Republican or the Democratic party."

In a Deadlock.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 10.—The Democrats organized the house here by selecting J. J. Woods, of Cabell county, speaker, and J. M. Hamilton, of Calhoun, clerk. The senate is in a deadlock, Senator Minear having been nominated for president by the Republicans, and Senator Carr by the Democrats. Thirteen ballots have been taken, Minear receiving twelve votes and Carr thirteen on each ballot, one Republican member refusing to vote for either. At 2 o'clock a recess was taken until 3:30 p. m.

A Probable Clew.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 10.—Kunigude Botz was arrested yesterday evening on the charge of having killed old Mrs. Margaret Schneider. Kunigude is a German of twenty-five years and speaks no English. She was Mrs. Schneider's servant. She claims that a negro came into the house, choked herself and then killed the old woman, and that after he went away, she, being afraid to remain in the place, bundled her clothes and decamped.

Got Through With Their Work.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 10.—The state assembly Knights of Labor closed its labors here and the delegates have left for their homes. The next meeting will be held in Wheeling on the third Tuesday in February, 1890.

Frank Lovell and Thomas F. Howard left Sioux City, Iowa, Tuesday, in charge of the sheriff of Duluth on a requisition to answer at Duluth a charge of fraud and forgery in the sale of forty acres of Sioux City suburban property to one Cummings, of Duluth.

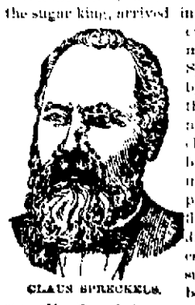
From the Capital.

Interesting News as Gathered at Washington.

THE REFINING OF SUGAR.

Claus Spreckels, the Sugar King, Before the Senate Sub-Committee in Charge of the Tariff Bill—Report of the Bureau of Animal Industry—Other Washington Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Claus Spreckels, the sugar king, arrived in the city Tuesday evening. Yesterday morning Mr. Spreckels appeared by invitation before the senate sub-committee having in charge the tariff bill, and was examined concerning the production and refining of sugar, the difference between cane sugar and sugar made from beets and sorghum, etc. Mr. Spreckels gave a long and interesting account of the process of refining sugar. Mr. Spreckels refused to answer a number of questions. Among others was a question of Mr. Aldrich as to the relative cost of producing sugar in the Hawaiian island and the United States. He would not say what protection would guarantee a fair profit, perhaps one cent a pound. He thought that in years to come beet sugar would be able to compete on equal terms with cane sugar, but it would be when the producers and refiners of beet sugar had had more experience with it.



CLAUS SPRECKELS.

As the conditions were different, however, if the duty should be removed from sugar or even cut in half as was proposed by the senate bill, the beet sugar producers in this country would have to close up their establishments. He said that he had made no contracts for this season waiting for the decision of congress on the question of duty on sugar. When asked whether he thought there was sufficiently difference in the relative value of cane and beet sugar to warrant the committee in making a distinction between them in the matter of protection, he said that he did not think the difference was material.

Mr. Spreckels said that he expected that this country would one day produce all the sugar necessary for its consumption, but he felt that he might not live to see the day.

Animal Industry.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The speaker laid before the house a communication from the commissioner of agriculture containing the annual report of the operations of the bureau of animal industry. The chief work of the bureau, the report says, has been to effect the eradication of the contagious pleuro-pneumonia in cattle. The operations of the bureau have been extended to all sections of the country. No cases of the disease have been found west of the Alleghany mountains. Encouraging progress has been made in eradicating the disease, especially in Long Island where it has longest existed. The most serious outbreak has been in Orange county, New York. The quarantine restrictions, if vigorously maintained, Commissioner Coleman believes, will in a short time effectually put a stop to the existence of the disease and Mr. Coleman submits a draft of a bill to extend the law. The law can and is enforced but does not, he says, go far enough. With the farmers he has had no trouble, but with persons who keep stock in cities he has experienced much difficulty, and it is to cover this class of cases that he desires the law enlarged and penalties attached for its violation.

An Extra Session Probable.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—There is a revival of the talk of an extra session of congress after March 4 in view of the fact that the last six days has been wasted by obstructive and dilatory tactics which were begun again yesterday immediately after the house assembled. The friends of the Oklahoma bill are determined if they can to prevent the transaction of all business until the house records them a day on which to consider the bill for the formation of that territory. It is also hinted that several of the prominent aspirants for the speakership in the next house are lending an unseen hand to obstruct business, believing that an extra session would be of advantage to them in their race for the speakership.

Solomon Claypool's Claim.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Among the documents transmitted to the house yesterday was an estimate of the amount of money required by the department of justice to pay assistant district attorneys employed in special cases. One of the claims is that of Solomon Claypool, recently appointed district attorney for the district of Indiana. He asks $2,500 for work on the Coy-Bernhelmer cases. In a letter accompanying the estimate Judge Claypool says that he was employed on the cases about fifty days, and that he gave at least ten days' time and probably fifteen or twenty days' time to them.

Senate and House Proceedings.

In the senate conferees were appointed on the Nicaragua canal bill. The tariff bill was taken up and considered until 5:30 when the senate adjourned.

In the house the day was spent in filibustering in an effort to force consideration of the Oklahoma bill. At 3:31 p. m. the house adjourned.

Washington Notes.

The president has commuted the death sentence of Lewis Burgess and William G. Porter, of Arkansas, sentenced to be hanged on the 25th instant. In Burgess's case the sentence is commuted to ten years' imprisonment and in Porter's to imprisonment for life.

The president has approved the bill authorizing the Cairo & Tennessee River Railroad company to construct bridges across the Tennessee and Cumberland rivers.

The regents of the Smithsonian institution held a meeting yesterday, and elected Chief Justice Fuller chancellor. It is one of the unwritten rules of the institution that the chief justice of the United States shall be chancellor. The office has been vacant since the death of Chief Justice Waite.

Mr. Cake has introduced in the senate a bill to extend the time for the construction of the Denison & Washita Valley railroad through the Indian Territory, to June 30, 1891.

Mr. Jones, of Arkansas, has introduced in the senate bills authorizing the construction of the Big Horn Southern railway through part of the Crow Indian reservation, and through the Fort Custer military reservation in Montana.

FUNERAL OF BEN. HOPKINS.

The Last on Earth of the Once Popular Banker of Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 10.—The funeral of Ben. Hopkins, the assistant Fidelity cashier, who was brought home from Columbus in time to breathe his last moments among the members of his sorrowing household, took place from his family residence, 368 Richmond street, at 9:30 a. m. The hush of death had a painful effect upon the few strangers present as they witnessed the grief of those near to the departed, and few essayed to gaze upon the features of the dead, which seemed more peaceful in death than in life. The body had been embalmed and the coffin, though plain, was neat and covered with a wreath.

Will Hopkins was present, in the custody of detective, and how strange must have been his thoughts as he silently followed the remains to their last resting place at Spring Grove cemetery. The pall bearers' names were not announced and the request made that the burial be as private as possible. After the ceremonies at the family residence the remains were taken to Spring Grove cemetery and interred in the family lot.

The Affairs at Hayti.

General Legitime About to Be Overthrown.

GEN. HYPOLITE'S VICTORIES.

Three Battles Won in Ten Days and His Troops Now Entrenched Within Twenty Miles of Port-au-Prince—Mob Rule Prevailing.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Hayti, Jan. 10.—The situation looks very bad for Legitime. Hypolite has won three battles in ten days, and his victorious army are entrenched within twenty miles of here, awaiting arrival of arms and ammunition from New York. Their foraging operations cover territory whence most of Legitime's supplies have hitherto come. The majority of people here expect to see Hypolite in full control soon. Legitime is anxious and suspicious. He has thrown scores of prominent citizens into prison for suspected sympathy with Hypolite. He is pressing into the military service every laborer and farmer he can seize.

The country is in a state of anarchy. Voodooism is rampant among the half civilized inhabitants of the interior. Horrible tales of the sacrifice of young girls in these rights are told. Murder and rapine flourish in the absence of law. Agricultural processes are abandoned. Mob rule prevails in the capital. Legitime's army was disastrously defeated at Hinch, about ten days ago; again on December 22, while on retreat and again a few miles from the capital. The remnant fled to the city. The leaders refuged in the French consulate fearing more violence. Two of Legitime's leading generals deserted. One was caught and shot by Hypolite; the other escaped.

The French minister is very unpopular on account of his open alliance with Legitime. The French warships cabled for have not arrived. Legitime captured the schooner Aurora in Dominican waters, and by rifling her mail beg found evidence of treachery on the part of about thirty of his supposed supporters in Port-au-Prince, whom he thereupon imprisoned. The seizure was a violation of international law. The Haytian Republic is still anchored under the Galena's guns waiting for disinfection.

The indemnity has not yet been paid. It is said that Legitime has put all the money in the treasury in his pocket, and will flee as soon as his fall is assured. He has issued an address deploring the use of power by the great American republic to oppress the feeble. He says, however, that the fault lies, not with the American people or government, but with Minister Thompson, who has led them to the wrong action. The Haytian Republic not only ran the blockade, but supplied the enemy with provisions and arms. By all the rules of international laws she was a legal prize.

Weather Indications.

Clearing weather except along the lakes, continued light snows; much colder; high westerly winds, diminishing in force.

Killed By His Dog.

CORYDON, Ind., Jan. 10.—Ed. Stark was killed in a peculiar manner while hunting in Meade county, Kentucky, Monday. While blowing in the muzzle of his gun his dog came up wagging his tail, with which he struck the trigger, discharging the gun. The top of Stark's head was blown off, and death was instantaneous.

Shooting on Board a Steamer.

ROCKPORT, Ind., Jan. 10.—Last night while the steamer George Strecker laid at Cannelton on her way here, Charles Smith, of Lowsport, Ky., while drunk, shot and instantly killed Charles Bartley, the steward, without provocation. Smith was jailed. He is known as a desperate character.

A Damaging Explosion.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Jan. 10.—The explosion of a tank of gas at the Citizens' Gas company's works, Smith and Fifth streets, yesterday evening, shook the whole city. The navy yard barracks were partially shattered, and the ruins caught fire and were destroyed.

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FRESH FROM THE WIRES.

News in Brief From All Parts of the Country.

Justice Matthews' condition is critical.

Theodore Comstock died yesterday at Columbus, O.

Another death from smallpox occurred at New Washington yesterday.

Gen. Lew Wallace, of Indiana, says that he has no cabinet aspirations.

A Kentucky farmer's son, who preferred death to work, committed suicide near Hopkinsville, Ky.

It is said that Arkansas is after a cabinet position. Hon. Powell Clayton's friends are booming him for the war office.

Judge Tuley will not render his decision in the Arbeiter Bund injunction case until the latter part of the week.

Charles Pronitski has been arrested at Ashland, Wis., charged with the attempt to murder a family of Hungarians by dosing with strychnine the meat they were to eat.

A. A. Matthews, wealthy merchant of Walnut Shade, Ark., was brained by a man named Strong over a dispute as to which killed a deer. Posse after the murderer.

A caboose containing section men was backed into by a switch engine at a crossing at Aurora, Ill., killing William Fay, section foreman, and injuring several others.

White Caps visited Aurora, Ill., Monday night, and tore up the fences around the property of the late Capt. Furman. They pinned a note to a tree warning John Furman to stop annoying his mother.

The contending factions for the governorship of the Chickasaw nation have reached an agreement to submit the claims to Secretary Vilas, agreeing to abide by the decision.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Markets for January 9.

NEW YORK.—Money 4 per cent. Exchange steady; governments quiet.

Currency sixes, 119 bid; four coupons, 125 bid; four-and-a-half, 109½ bid.

There seemed to be plenty of buying orders in the stock market at the opening and it presented a more animated appearance than for the past few days, but the business done, while much better distributed than usual of late, was of a retail character entirely, and after first demand was satisfied the market drifted back into the usual dullness.

Bur. & Quincy	100	Michigan Cent.	88
Central Pacific	36½	Missouri Pacific.	75½
C., C., C. & I.	57¾	N. Y. Central	107¾
Del. & Hudson	134¾	Northwestern	107½
Del. Lack. & W.	140¼	Ohio & Miss.	23½
Illinois Central	119	Pacific Mail	36½
Lake Shore	107¾	St. Paul	83½
Louisville & Nash.	67¾	Western Union	83¾

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—96@$1 00.

CORN—New, 39@39½c.

WOOL—Unwashed; fine merino, 18@19c; one-fourth blood combing, 23@25c; medium delaine and combing, 26@27c; braid, 19@22c; medium combing, 26@27c; fleece washed, fine merino, X and XX, 27@28c; medium clothing 29@30c; delaine fleece, 32@33c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $14 50; No. 2, $11 00; prairie, $8 00@9 50; wheat, oats and rye straw, $6 00@7 00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, $3 25@4 00; fair, $2 25@3 00; common, $1 25@2 00; stockers and feeders, $2 50@3 75; yearlings and calves, $2 00@3 00.

HOGS—Select butchers, $5 15@5 25; fair to good packing, $5 10@5 15; fair to good light, $5 10@5 20; common, $4 25@5 05.

SHEEP—Common to fair, $2 25@3 50; good to choice, $4 25@5 00.

LAMBS—$3 75@4 75.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Prime, $4 80@4 75; fair to good, $4 25@4 50; common, $3 25@3 50; stockers, $2 25@3 75; feeders, $2 75@3 25.

HOGS—Philadelphias, $5 20@5 25; mixed, $5 25; Yorkers, $5 10@5 20; common to fair, $5 00@5 25; graziers and stubbiers, $5 00@5 05; pigs, $5 25@5 35.

SHEEP—Prime, $4 75@5 00; fair to good, $4 00@4 25; common, $2 50@3 75.

LAMBS—$5 10@5 40.

Chicago.

HOGS—Fair to good, $5 10@5 30; mixed packing, $5 00@5 25; heavy to choice, $5 10@5 35.

CATTLE—Choice to extra shipping, $3 00@4 00; mixed, $1 40@3 25; stockers and feeders, $2 25@3 00.

SHEEP—Common to choice, $2 25@4 75.

LAMBS—$3 75@4 00.

Toledo.

WHEAT—Quiet; cash 90½c@$1 02½; January, 89½c.

CORN—Steady; cash 39½c.

OATS—Steady; cash 29½c.

CLOVER SEED—Cash $5 30; February $5 35.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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THURSDAY, JANUARY 10.

U S SUPREME COURT CALENDAR

It is to be hoped that one of the first acts of the Republican Congress will be to pass some wise measure for the relief of the calendar of the United States Supreme Court. The Democratic majority in the House of Representatives has year after year defeated all legislation looking to the enlargement of the court or the clearance of its calendar. As a result, the court is now over three years behind in its work, and is confronted by the condition of a surplus of over 1,500 causes, which is as embarrassing to it as the Treasury surplus recently was to the departing administration. The Justices are hard workers, yet they are not able to dispose of over 450 causes a year, while from 650 to 700 new appeals are annually tacked to the other end of the calendar. The situation thus grows more serious year by year. The cases called on December 20 last were docketed October 17, 1885, and there is no reasonable prospect of an unpreferred case, just put on the calendar, being reached for argument before the next Presidential election. The urgent necessity for remedial legislation is apparent. Even-handed Justice must not be leaden-footed, if she would commend herself to eager litigants in this rapid and progressive age.

Various schemes have been proposed to correct this great and growing evil. The one which has been most seriously considered was the bill introduced by David Davis, after he had retired from the hard bench of the Supreme Court to fill the chair which had been built for him on the floor of the Senate. This measure provided for the appointment of eighteen additional Circuit Judges and raised the minimum of money value involved in controversy from $2,000 to $10,000. The Davis bill was approved by the Justices themselves and passed the Senate by a good majority, but was defeated by the Democrats in the House. George Ticknor Curtis has proposed a plan to expedite the determination of constitutional and civil causes by the establishment of a Patent Court of Appeals, to hear and determine patent cases, which occupy so large a portion of the time of the Supreme Court. The Chicago Bar Association proposes a Supreme Bench of twenty-one Justices.

THE city's part of the work of extending the corporate limits has been done and if the Commissioners do their part as has been expected the city area will become seven and one-half square miles extending three miles from east to west and two and one-half miles from north to south. The extension is so made that the area becomes rectangular, and there can be no kicking on the way the lines run. On the south and northeast some lands are within the new lines that it seems unjust to bring in, but our shape must be preserved and we trust the complaints will be as meagre as possible. Marion is a great, growing city, and ere long these land-owners whose few acres of farm land are subjected to city tax can lay out their broad acres in town lots and sell them at highly remunerative prices. But these are not the greatest considerations. Waterworks, fire protection, lighted streets and the strong arm of vigilant police protection is extended, and, bless you, crushed stone will be hastened on your alleys and streets—extended—as soon as the political or natural necessities seem to suggest. Crushed stone is our specialty—with especial reference to quantity but little to quality.

It is a man from Iowa this time who claims to have invented the telephone. The name is Pease and he does not intend to permit Professor Graham Bell to walk in the paths of Pease very long if he can help it. This latest claimant to the discovery of the telephone says he did it in 1855 and 1857. He has been sitting quietly in the shade ever since that time watching his invention make fortunes for Bell and his co-workers. It has just occured to him to say that he is the inventor and it was very generous of him to let so many unworthy men make fortunes out of the transmission of articulate speech by electricity before asking for a share in the harvest of coin.

THE United States Senate debated two hours Monday over the vigorous resolution of Mr. Edmunds reaffirming the Monroe doctrine. The expression was almost unanimously in favor of having Uncle Sam act as president of all Panama canals, to the exclusion of French gentlemen. The discussion was nominally secret, but the foreign diplomats and everybody else who was curious easily learned the drift of it.

THE great annexation fight in Windsor, Ontario, is ended, and the "antis" carried the day by a small majority and elected their candidate for Mayor. It is an odd question to make the test issue in a purely municipal contest. It is an indication, however, of the absorbing interest which the subject of annexation possesses for Canadians.

Dr. P[illegible] [illegible] cian, who [illegible] successful [illegible] ers with [illegible] to the government [illegible] imental station [illegible] yellow fever. He [illegible] method of [illegible] result in the present [illegible] He proposes [illegible] on one of the keys [illegible] and, getting fresh [illegible] Havana and Key West, [illegible] monkeys, and spend [illegible] in perfecting a method of treatment for the fever.

THE convicts in the Ohio penitentiary have struck for more time. They at present receive one fourth of a three years sentence for good behavior. They want [illegible] It is to be hoped that the [illegible] will be complied with promptly [illegible] may get offended and go out [illegible]

[illegible] to have averaged three [illegible] week for the past three weeks. [illegible] tendency to [illegible] travel on what was once the great thoroughfare connecting the north and south.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

Fallon.

The Baptist quarterly meeting is over, and Rev. Sutton did not put in his appearance on Friday. The church was well filled at an early hour, although the weather was unfavorable. Rev. Crabtree [illegible] letter from Rev. Sutton [illegible] that he would not be here and introduced Rev. Gr[illegible], who was to [illegible] Sutton's place. We do not [illegible] of Bro. [illegible] er Griffith [illegible] once associated [illegible] and was disappointed and we [illegible] been here. Revs. Miller and Z[illegible] were here, but Rev. Crabtree done the [illegible] part of the preaching after Friday evening. Bad as the weather was the house was filled at each appointment.

A fellow named Pr[illegible] the hotel a few days [illegible] for the use of a horse [illegible] his room to [illegible] He was arrested [illegible] ing before Mayor [illegible] overgiving bail for [illegible] No one but [illegible] son was yet [illegible] about the matter. My opinion [illegible] meant no good and I [illegible] not repeat the experience [illegible] some other fellow [illegible] a tough time of getting out. He has a store of his own, but it is not [illegible] He had no boots on [illegible] I think.

Eli Waples says that if he can rent his livery stable he will move to his farm near Scott Town. Here is a chance for some one who wishes to go into the [illegible] ness.

Wm. Waples bought a farm at [illegible] and has moved there.

M. H. Varden is in Bradshaw's drug store, and he looks natural and is a good salesman.

Some changes [illegible] they may all be for the better. [illegible] sell my residence Rev. Crabtree will occupy it after April 1st. this will be for the better.

Dr. Sawyer, who has been absent nearly two months, is expected home in a few days. If the weather continues [illegible] will be a change for him to ride through the mud hereafter spending two months in the city of New York.

It is healthy here, though [illegible] complaint than there has been and there will likely be an increase [illegible] on.

I have not got the list of [illegible] years of age made up for this [illegible]

Catter, the saloonist on the river [illegible] failed to pay his saloon tax and another man is holding forth. [illegible] will be for the better.

January 5.

Montgomery X-Roads.

Rain and mud have been [illegible]

Farmers think that [illegible] ance.

The farmers through this section seem to feel pretty well over the [illegible] hogs this winter as [illegible] 15 cents.

It is would be [illegible] to buy [illegible] drag [illegible] his [illegible] takes [illegible] seat.

Health [illegible] the evening [illegible] C. H. Pl[illegible] man has a large [illegible] his neck [illegible] Mr. James W[illegible] down with [illegible]

Whooping cough [illegible]

Some of the colored [illegible] out to Mr. Poignd[illegible] New York [illegible] to have a little dance [illegible] and a white man [illegible] full of whisky [illegible] to his home [illegible] white people keep [illegible]

Mr. and Mrs. C[illegible] day for Omaha, Neb. [illegible] to start the 28th [illegible] the children was [illegible] fever the night [illegible]

I Black [illegible] corner in the [illegible] has taken [illegible] Beckley says [illegible] and [illegible] Other [illegible] Jan. 9.

The Week of Prayer.

The Marion Ministerial Association agreed upon the following [illegible] week of prayer [illegible] at 2 p.m. as follows.

Friday. M. E. Church [illegible] leader, subject, "Miss[illegible]"

Saturday.—U. W. Baptist Church [illegible] L. Thomas [illegible] Rules, Etc."

The week of prayer [illegible] Sunday of the new year.

W. J. THOMAS, Sec. M. M. A.

Positively Five Days Longer.

[illegible] Dr. [illegible] Frazee [illegible] spent [illegible] who [illegible] Corns, Ingrowing Toe Nails [illegible] the press [illegible] two great [illegible] those who at [illegible] have since [illegible] informed [illegible] now desire to be [illegible] the Doctor has been compelled to cancel his engagements elsewhere and extend five days more in this city, during which time he will be glad to see all persons who are troubled with foot diseases and guarantees to cure, no matter what the ailment may be. Calls made at residences by appointment.

[illegible] at Hotel Marion [illegible] day evening at 7 o'clock.

Knights Templar.

Attention, Sir Knights of Marion Commandery.

The order of Red Cross will be conferred Friday evening, Dec. 10.

By order of the E. C.

W. L. CLEMENT, Rec.

Married.

SCHNEIDER—ENDICOTT. At the residence of Erwin Endicott, near Prospect, O., Jan. 8, [illegible] by Rev. J. A. Sutton, Mr. John S. Schneider to Miss A[illegible] M. Endicott.

Take It in Time.

For want of a nail, a shoe was lost, for want of a shoe, a horse was lost, for want of a horse, a rider was lost. Never neglect small things. The first slight cough should be arrested by [illegible] Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption.

H. C. HOBERMAN & Co.

The Only Perfect Remedy

[illegible] constipation, dyspepsia [illegible] the famous California [illegible] remedy, Syrup of Figs. It strengthens as well as cleanses the system, [illegible] perfectly harmless.

Sold by H. C. Hoberman & Co. [illegible] H. [illegible] & Co. druggists.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Four [illegible] Paris wanted [illegible] men [illegible] the rest of [illegible] arrested. They [illegible]

She is Gratified!

I [illegible] feel my [illegible] use of Dr. Acker's English [illegible] for Consumption. — Mrs. Wm. V. Hoffman, New York.

H. C. HOBERMAN & Co.

[illegible] B. M[illegible] the [illegible] of German [illegible] Mich., [illegible] now a resident [illegible] of Marion [illegible] town in this county. Anyone suffering with weak eyes or eyes abused by inferior glasses, [illegible] Orders left at [illegible] promptly attended to. No extra charge for examination [illegible] patients at their home. On Saturdays and Sundays he can be found [illegible] at residence No. 25, Silver street.

161sly.

A Narrow Escape.

Col. W. K. Nelson, of Brooklyn came home one evening, feeling a peculiar tightness in the chest. Before retiring, he tried to draw a long breath but found it almost impossible. He suffered four days from pneumonia, and the doctors gave him up. Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption saved him and he is well to-day.

H. C. HOBERMAN & Co.

A survivor of the Light Brigade is said to be a plumber in Indianapolis. Of course it [illegible] occurred to everybody that he [illegible] the charge in the Crimea. The charge of the electric light brigade [illegible] Boston and [illegible] promise to be [illegible] —Boston Transcript.

[illegible] often in [illegible] A mistake [illegible] little [illegible] too much.

Syrup of Figs

Is Nature's own true laxative. It is the [illegible] taken and the most effective remedy known to Cleanse the System when Bilious or Costive, to dispel Headaches, Colds and Fevers, to Cure Habitual Constipation, Indigestion, Piles, etc. Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Company, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold by H. [illegible] Hoberman & Co. [illegible] H. C. Hoberman & Co. druggists.

No Round Dances.

[illegible] the marriage-a-failure topic has been worn [illegible] and reduced to a pulp, the country is now to be deluged with this question of dancing. Whether dancing is proper or not, if so when, where, of what character, for how many hours, [illegible] dress? The Rev. C. S. Nicker[illegible] opens the ball as is most proper with an indorsement of dancing. [illegible] it is natural, innocent, [illegible] square dances where [illegible] gracefully and merely [illegible] He says hugging [illegible] at home, therefore the [illegible] from Mr. Nickerson's [illegible] But high necked, eleven [illegible] corrected. Long meter [illegible] approves.—Minneapolis Tribune.

Magnetic Oxide.

[illegible] been known that rails of [illegible] oxidate much slower [illegible] of old tracks, but so far no [illegible] explanation has been found. [illegible] in the Bulletin of the Royal [illegible] shows that this is due [illegible] of a coating of magnetic [illegible] under the influence of [illegible] pressure. In order to [illegible] of this view, Mr. Sp[illegible] brought [illegible] rust and [illegible] a pressure of [illegible] twelve hundred atmospheres, which corresponds to that of [illegible] locomotive of a thousand [illegible] He found that the [illegible] had penetrated the iron and [illegible] of magnetic oxide.—Scot[illegible]

Promptness.

[illegible] then a cough, then consumption, then death. I took Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption [illegible] I began to cough, and [illegible] saved my life."—Walter N[illegible] Washington.

H. C. HOBERMAN & Co.

PERSONAL GOSSIP

Lawrence Barrett was born in Paterson, N. J., fifty years ago last April.

Emperor William has forbidden horse racing in Prussia on Sunday and holy days.

It is said that Browning wrote "Lady Geraldine's Courtship" in two consecutive hours.

Although nearly 50 years of age, Alphonse Daudet does not look it by at least ten years.

The only jubilee gift which Emperor Francis Joseph accepted was a mosaic image of the Virgin from the pope.

In spite of tempting offers Lord Tennyson refuses to write his memoirs. Why say Tennyson is not a great man?

Mr. Froude's book on Australia has given birth to a new word in the assembly house at Melbourne. It is "Froudacity."

Judge Charles J. McCurdy, of Lyme, Conn., is now the eldest living graduate of Yale. He was graduated in the class of 1817.

Mr. Gladstone bought over fifty copies of Mrs. Burnett's story, "Little Lord Fauntleroy," for presents to his juvenile friends.

Mr. Williamson who has given $15,000,000 to found a mechanical training school in Philadelphia, has carried the same umbrella for fifteen years.

Gladstone usually has three books in reading at the same time and changes from one to the other when his mind has reached the limit of absorption.

Count von Moltke, while making purchases for Christmas, was surrounded by a wild and enthusiastic mob of friends and admirers in Berlin and cheered until he was obliged to retreat into a cab.

George W. Williams, the negro historian, has recently returned from Europe laden with the fruits of a long search through the libraries of the Old World for matter pertaining to Toussaint L'Ouverture.

A fine marble bust of David Davis, made from a death mask, is to be presented to the state of Illinois by Messrs. Leonard Swett, Robert T. Lincoln and others. It will be placed in the capitol at Springfield.

Ex-President Woolsey, of Yale, although nearly four score and ten years of age, makes a trip to the New Haven postoffice daily, never varying a minute in the time of his going and passing the city hall just as the clock strikes 9.

Lord Tennyson's life's work is practically finished. At the age of 79 he is too feeble to think of undertaking any other work than a slight revision of his noble poems. Mr. Browning, who looks years younger, is as robust as a man of 5[illegible].

In appearance Oscar Bright is a remarkably fine looking man. He is tall and well proportioned, though somewhat inclined to be fat. He wears a long black beard, and the vacant sleeve of his left arm is always pinned neatly to his left shoulder.

Gen. Boulanger's [illegible] in life is said to be his mother. She was with him in 1859 during the ten months in which he was in danger from a wound received at Solferino, and which has never entirely healed. He spends every Sunday afternoon and evening with her, and if away, he always sends her a telegram.

William Henri Waddington, French ambassador to England, was born in Paris, of English parents, and is just 62 years of age. He was educated at Rugby and Cambridge, England, where he was a scholar of Trinity college, and took a very high degree. He pulled with the Cambridge crew that beat Oxford in 1849. He has occupied the position of French ambassador at the Court of St. James since 1883 and is a true and patriotic citizen of his adopted country, France.

CURIOUS THINGS OF LIFE

A meteoric stone which lately fell in Russia contained several diamonds.

A baby in a western town has been named "Robert Elsmere." A novel title, is it not?

The colored janitor of the court house of Campbell county, Va., is the father of thirty-two children.

An Indiana man has been convicted of stealing 560 plows, all of which he had stored away in a barn.

It is a customary remark that wrinkles come from worrying, but a physician says most of them come from laughing.

A Tennessee man, who was a government contractor forty-one years ago, has just received a balance of seventeen cents due him.

A Mexican sorceress has predicted that Mexico will conquer the United States in 1890, and some of the Mexican papers say she is infallible.

In the stomach of a bear recently killed in northern Michigan was found a box of sardines, over which the membrane of the stomach had partially grown.

Experiments have been made in Berlin with india rubber pavement. It is said to be very durable, noiseless, and unaffected by heat or cold. As a covering for bridges it is said to have peculiar merits, its elasticity preventing vibration.

Medical men in Nebraska are interested in the case of a girl who is gradually losing her power of speech without any apparent cause. She can't now talk above a whisper, and it is expected that in a very short time she will be entirely speechless.

A botanical exploring party from the [illegible] recently discovered on one of the Philippine Islands a number of plants whose flowers were almost a yard in diameter, the petals, five in number, being oval and of a creamy white shade.

Armstrong hall, at the Tuskegee, Ala., Normal school, has recently been completed. It was built by the Tuskegee students, who are negroes, they sawing the lumber, making the brick and doing all the work of erection and finish except putting on the tin roof.

A Paris paper prints in good faith the story of a New York gentleman who, going to a fashionable physician to ask the reference of a servant, is made to pay $30 for a consultation. So the enlightened inhabitants of the gay capital implicitly believe the merry tale.

ALL IN A HALF CENTURY

The [illegible] of Italy.

The annexation of Texas.

The French revolution of 1848.

The discovery of photography.

The laying of the ocean cables.

The discovery of the telephone.

The emancipation of Russian serfs.

The discovery of the electric telegraph.

The establishment of ocean steam navigation.

The overthrow of the pope's temporal power.

The extension of Russian power into Central Asia.

The great civil war and abolition of slavery in the United States.

The great Franco-German war and the unification of Germany.

The rise and fall of Napoleon III and establishment of the French republic.

The discovery of the sources of the Nile and Niger, and the exploration of interior Africa.—New York Mail and Express.

ORIGIN OF SLANG TERMS.

"Pow-wow" comes from the Indians.

To "nab" at [illegible] means to [illegible] that is Saxon for deny.

The word "boss" [illegible] the Dutch, and means master.

Kidnap comes from [illegible] stealing of a kid [illegible]

Calaboose, a [illegible] palaver, to talk, are all Spanish.

A rum chap is simply a gypsy lad; it has no relation to the product of the still.

"Dude," meaning a dandy, has no appreciable derivation. Like Topsy, it growed.

Pal is a brother, a [illegible] for ms. It comes from the [illegible] of the Romans.

Dem[illegible] comes from [illegible] damaghan itself taken from the Persian glass making town of Demaghan.

The common slang word "mash" is from a beautiful gypsy word "masada" which means "to charm by the eyes."

Why should a man be called a spoon? Why spoony when he is making love? Simply because he is a "leffel," which also means spoon.

The good dictionary word "slang" was at first a slang word, being rubbing up of old hats and shoes. Now from being a cobbler's word it has become a classic and we talk of revamping the language.

A tinker's dam has nothing to do with swearing. It is merely the dam or stoppage made of flour and water, with which the tinker stops the gap he is mending until the tin or the pewter he is using has cooled.

Many people sought lately for the familiar "Praise from Sir Hubert," and could not find it. The true phrase is "Approbation from Sir Hubert Stanley is praise indeed," the line coming from "A Cure for the Heartache," the well known old play.

Gen. Butler is to be credited with the discovery that "contraband of war" applied to a runaway slave, therefore he gave a new word to the language. The necessity of the [illegible] the word and a contraband is a synonym for a colored man at Washington to this day.

WHIFFS.

Napoleon [illegible] smoke at all until he is full grown or before his 30th year.

The Turks were induced to smoke by employing the aromatic seeds of certain plants for the titillation of their nostrils.

Herodotus says [illegible] the Babylonians used to cast bunches of herbs into the fire and then stand around it and breathe up the fragrance.

Jean Nicot, from whom the essential oil of tobacco was named, introduced the herb to Catherine de Medici [illegible] Sir Walter Raleigh presented it to Queen Elizabeth.

That smoking [illegible] health in a [illegible] is [illegible] very often [illegible] drinking carried [illegible] of the octogenarians are smokers.

Cigars are now used all over the civilized world. They are produced very extensively in Bremen and Hamburg and at Seville in Spain, but the [illegible] the Philippine Islands, the finest factories are to be found.

It is said that of all the various cook books published between 1580 and 1815 and books which treat of the pleasures and adjuncts of taste before the last named date, not one refers to tobacco after dinner cigars or to cigars at all.

Tobacco is said to be counted as a part of the discovery of Christopher Columbus. When he first met the Indians they were inhaling the fumes of tobacco in the shape of a cigar." This cigar was not wholly of tobacco, though. It was a stalk or straw tube filled with this weed. But the Indians smoked pipes chiefly.

The use of cigars by civilized people, and of cigars as we now know them is much more recent than most people suppose. The real cigar, which is a purely [illegible] tobacco alone, probably originated in Cuba, where the very best cigars are still made. Their origin with us, as a [illegible] began not early in the present century.

MONEY IN LITTLE THINGS

The rubber tip at the end of lead pencils has yielded $100,000.

Upward of $10,000 a year was made by the inventor of the common needle threader.

The inventor of the roller skates made over $1,000,000, notwithstanding the fact that his patent had nearly expired before its value was ascertained.

A large fortune has been reaped by a miner who invented a metal rivet or eyelet at each end of the mouth of coat and trousers pockets to resist the strain caused by the carriage of pieces of ore and heavy tools.

The gimlet pointed screw has produced more wealth than most silver mines, and the American who first thought of putting copper tips to children's shoes is as well off as if his father had left him $10,000,000 in United States bonds.

As large a sum as was ever obtained for any invention was enjoyed by the inventor of the inverted glass [illegible] to protect ceilings from being blackened, and a scarcely less lucrative [illegible] of a simple [illegible] ting empty powder [illegible]

In a recent legal action it transpired in evidence that the inventor of the metal plates used to protect soles and heels of boots from wear sold upward of 12,000,000 [illegible] in 1879, and in 1887 the number reached 143,000,000, producing a [illegible] —Baltimore Herald.

INFANTILE MARRIAGES

Various [illegible] 1[illegible] being only 10 years old, was married to [illegible] More who was [illegible]

During the reign of Henry VIII, Edward VI, Queen Mary and Queen Elizabeth it was quite customary for persons [illegible] in life to marry their children at a [illegible] early age.

A record tells of how Gilbert Gerard and Emma Talbot were married at Leigh church when the boy was [illegible] the bride [illegible] who was 5 years old and spoke the words of matrimony for the child's part, and the woman—who was not 6 years of age [illegible] for herself as she was taught.

William Chaderton—successively Bishop of Chester and Lincoln—a well known scholar and distinguished ecclesiastic [illegible] Elizabeth [illegible] his daughter Joan, [illegible] Richard Brooke [illegible]

A Pointer for the Girls.

A young man wrote [illegible] advertised for a wife [illegible] He received several hundred [illegible] the writers signing their front names, [illegible] Hattie, Maggie, Mattie, Nellie, Mamie [illegible] and other specimens of [illegible] ending with "ie." There was only one exception, however. One of his correspondents signed [illegible] and he concluded that [illegible] be sensible [illegible] he [illegible] married.—Norristown Herald.

THE NORTHERN LAKES.

A WORD ABOUT THEIR DEEP EMERALD WATERS

The First Vessels That Sailed the Lakes and the Vessels That Ply Them Now. Some of the Great Naval Engagements. Commerce of the Lakes.

Special Correspondence.

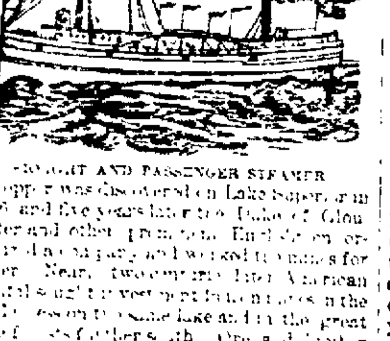
CLEVELAND, Jan. 8.—Commerce has many highways and waterways, but none is more important than the St. Clair river, that sweep of delicate blue which unites the waters of old Erie and Huron. Night and day during the navigation season, there is a never ending procession of steam and sailing vessels on its deep, broad surface. Steamers go up from the lower lake ports carrying coal and merchandise, and return laden to the water's edge almost with lumber and sparkling ore from the iron mines in the Superior regions. On the lakes the vast fleet is scattered to the four winds, only by necessity to come together in its passage through the river. There you see it concentrated, and there you realize its importance to the great world of business.



THE WALK IN THE WATER.

The evolution from an Indian "dugout" to the magnificent passenger steamer that now delights the tourist has been rapid, and, when one thinks of it, rather bewildering—a span since steam and sail were unknown on the mighty chain of lakes which separate this republic from the colonies of Great Britain at the north. Then water fowl and red men were the only mariners. La Salle, the French explorer, appeared on Lake Huron in 1679 with the Griffin, but it was lost, and for a century nothing but canoes and batteaus were seen on Huron or any other northern lake, for that matter. Thirteen years before the dawn of the century the Gladiator, a brig of 80 tons, was plying between Detroit and Mackinac on various missions. Soon the craft was in the service of the government, and again it was dealing in furs on supplies for the trappers in the wilderness. Later on it was lost on Lake Erie, where hundreds of other vessels have gone down amid tempest and storm. Lake Superior seldom gives up its dead, but it is not as furious as Erie, which is more shallow and easily tossed into billows by an ordinary gale. Eli Granger, in 1798, four miles below Rochester, built the Jemima, a vessel of thirty tons, which has the honor of being the first American ship built on Lake Ontario. The first American vessel built on Lake Erie was the Washington, which "took the water" near Erie, Pa., in 1797. Others followed, but the demand for them was not great, and shipbuilding as an industry was hardly a recognized interest. During the war of 1812 many of the vessels on the lakes were purchased by the government, and after being supplied with arms, sailed forth only to find an everlasting anchorage where cannon balls could not reach them. Commodore Perry fought his historical battle on Lake Erie opposite the present city of Sandusky, with nine sailing vessels, a tremendous fleet in those days. One shot from the big guns of today would have probably sunk them all. There were 54 cannon and 490 men in the fleet. Opposed to them were 6 ships, 63 guns and 502 men. Last summer in the St. Clair river I saw one of Perry's gunboats tied up at a little dock midway from Detroit to Port Huron. Smoke, peaceful smoke, curled from a piece of stove pipe in its decks, and as I passed I smelled ham and eggs instead of powder.

The first steamboat on the lakes was the Ontario, which was made after the pattern of the Sea Horse, then running on Long Island sound. The Ontario was launched in 1817 and was 110 feet long and of 237 tons burden. Capt. Francis Mallaby, of the navy, was the master, and she ran between Ogdensburg and Lewiston, N. Y. The distance was 600 miles, the fare $15, and it required twenty days to make the round trip. The first Canadian steamer on the lakes was the Frontenac, of 500 tons, painted like a pirate. However, the greatest sensation in vessels was the famed Walk-in-the-Water, which was built on the Niagara river and put into service in 1818. She was a steamer and the first one to ride the waters of Erie and Michigan. Her initial voyage was from Black Rock, N. Y., to Detroit. She made the trip in five days during the month of August, and carried twenty-nine passengers. Wherever she touched she was royally welcomed by the crack of cannon and the cheers of excited citizens, who looked for the first time on a steamboat. The following year she made her way into Lake Michigan and late in the autumn was wrecked at Black Rock, now a part of the city of Buffalo. Emigrants began to pierce the vast wilderness in the northwest soon after this in considerable numbers, and the returning vessels were freighted with furs. In 1827 the schooner Tiger took a cargo of 410 packs of furs, valued at $62,000, from Detroit to Buffalo. However, the shipping interest rather languished and for twenty years, from 1816 until 1836, only forty-one vessels all told were built on the lakes. The Uncle Sam touched at Chicago in 1834, and thereafter during the season that embryo city was favored with the comings and goings of one steamer a week. The first explosion on the American side of the lakes was in 1830, when the Peacock of the Erie Steamboat line went up and fifteen lives went out.

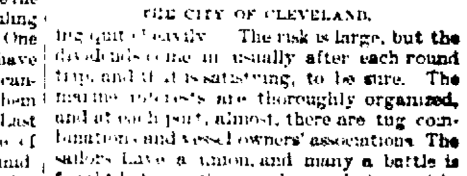


TOWBOAT AND PASSENGER STEAMER.

Copper was discovered on Lake Superior in 1766 and five years later the Duke of Gloucester and other prominent English men organized a company and worked the mines for silver. Near, two centuries later American capitalists and investors [illegible] on the [illegible] same lake and in the great pine forests of the [illegible] Ore and timber await transportation and ships were built to supply [illegible] Year by year they [illegible] until at the present time the vessel property on the lakes is estimated at $50,000,000. Cleveland is the greatest shipbuilding center. Bay City and West Bay City come next, and then follow in the order given Detroit and its suburbs, Buffalo, Milwaukee, Marine City and the ports of Gibraltar and Trenton on the St. Clair river. There are about 2,000 American and 1,500 Canadian boats on the lakes. The largest ones are the Owego and Chemung, which run between Buffalo and Chicago. They cost $250,000 each and are 337 feet long. Their capacity is 3,000 tons and they are made of steel. The largest carrier, however, is the iron steam barge Onoko, which is owned in Cleveland. It was built in 1881 and has transported 103,000 bushels of wheat, or 3,090 tons, in one cargo.

The finest passenger steamer on the lakes is the City of Cleveland, which makes regular trips during the season between Cleveland and Detroit. She is finished and furnished in a beautiful manner and cost about $250,000. Notwithstanding the popularity of the northern summer resorts and the extent of the travel each year the accommodations for passengers is wretchedly inadequate. The reason is that freighters are more profitable. Propellers plying from Buffalo to Duluth, which carry both passengers and merchandise, do a very thriving business during the months of June, July and August, and staterooms are engaged weeks in advance. Chicago, though the largest city on the lakes, cuts one of the smallest figures in marine circles for the reason that but very little construction is done there. During the season just closed 5,000,000 tons of iron ore were shipped from the Lake Superior region to points southeast and south. During the same time about 100,000,000 bushels of grain and its equivalent came down from the upper lake ports to Buffalo and Erie. Chicago shipped nearly all the corn and most of the oats and barley, and Duluth the wheat. Considerable grain was also sent to the leading Canadian ports from Chicago. Recently a vessel has been sent to Liverpool with a cargo direct from a lake port, which has occasioned considerable speculation as to what will be done in the future in this direction. However, the undertaking did not have the virtue of originality, for vessels were plying between Liverpool and the large ports on Lakes Erie and Michigan nearly forty years ago. The schooner Dean built in Cleveland for C. J. Kershaw, of Chicago, was perhaps the first boat to make the trip. The voyage was made by way of the Welland canal and the St. Lawrence river. The Dean occasioned some surprise in Liverpool and was sold there. The following season the bark C. J. Kershaw was loaded at Chicago with lumber and staves and sailed over the same course with equal success. In 1859 ten vessels made the trip across the Atlantic. All carried lumber and staves, and six returned with iron, salt and crockery, the remaining four being sold to the English.

It was a long time after steamboats were snorting and blowing from port to port before tugs, the switch engines of the harbor, were thought of. The first one appeared about the year 1847, and was simply a canal boat with an engine in her hold. Improvements followed rapidly, and soon "warping" with the capstans from dock to dock was abandoned and tugs did the work in one fourth the time, much to the delight of all mariners. Now every harbor swarms with tugs, and at large ports there are tug trusts, and if one wants to be moved he must pay the regulation price for the service. For several years past vessel property has been rather profitable, and capitalists who like adventure and large returns have been invest-



THE CITY OF CLEVELAND.

ing quite heavily. The risk is large, but the dividends come in usually after each round trip, and that is satisfying, to be sure. The marine interests are thoroughly organized, and at each port, almost, there are tug combinations and vessel owners' associations. The sailors have a union, and many a battle is fought between those within and those without that organization. A large paper called The Marine Record is published at Cleveland, which is devoted exclusively to the interests of lake mariners and all the daily newspapers at the different ports print several columns a day during the season about the movements of vessels and their cargoes and what they get for carrying them. Missionaries work among the sailors and Jack Tar on fresh water is swindled just as often as Jack Tar on salt water was in Dickens' time. The men of the lakes are a hardy crowd of themselves, and a right merry one, too, notwithstanding all its hardships and sacrifices.

JAMES B. MORROW.

One of Washington's Lobbyists.

A "fine figure of a woman," as Joe Gargery observes in "Great Expectations," passes by, sweeping under garniture of silk and genuine seal fur with as broad spread of canvas as the yachts Puritan or Volunteer. Her age ranges probably between 40 and 45, her figure is particularly embonpoint, but her face is rosy with health, and her features still preserve the stamp of beauty. Her eyes are big and gray, scintillating under the flashes of dark eyelashes and brows, and were her attire less pronounced she would be styled elegant. This lady enters the reception room, and sends her card to several members, who at once respond, and soon she is surrounded by a coterie of conscript fathers, vying with each other in playing the gallant. She jests and jokes with them all, inviting them to call at her residence, and having placed her cards adroitly leaves the Capitol in a well appointed coupe with driver in livery. Sometimes she is accompanied by her daughter, a pretty girl of 18, and a splendid type of the [illegible]

This lady is a professional lobbyist, and plies her vocation with marked success. Whispers in the air are not [illegible] usually in criticism of her private character than those of her own sex, but no [illegible] woman has ever brought forward an accusation direct and positive, so far as is generally known. She has had her failures, however, in many a congressional [illegible] she received a slice of greater or less proportions, and no one is more thoroughly [illegible] the avenues and channels of legislation. She obtains a copy of every bill introduced and of the reports thereon, and if the game be worth the candle, hunts up its history and parentage. Then when the case is stated, any digested she offers to make a man, as the case may be, wherever the best financial opportunity is presented, and her efforts are usually attended with success. She is shrewd, and gathers honey from every honey bearing flower.—Kansas City Times.

A Niece of Napoleon I Still Alive.

Mr. Herman Merivale, in a letter from Naples, says: "A few weeks ago I was in the Campo Santo at Boulogne looking at the tomb of Countess Vasoli, Murat's daughter, surmounted by the statue of her father in cavalry dress, and found out that Murat's younger daughter, 'Luisa, Marchesa Rasponi,' is still living, at 92, in good health and preservation, at Ravenna. She was, therefore, 19 in 1815, when Napoleon I was dethroned and her father was shot, and considering the relationship [illegible] I remember the first perfectly."

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TIME TABLE ADOPTED Dec 2 1888

Trains leave ... as follows:

WESTWARD.	DEPART.
No. 7, daily except Sunday	10 50 a.m.
No. 5, daily	2 55 p.m.
No. 37, Way, daily except Sunday	8 20 a.m.
No. 3, daily	11 05 p.m.

EASTWARD.	DEPART.
No. 12, daily	5.20 a.m.
No. 6, daily except Sunday	1.05 p.m.
No. 38 daily except Sunday	3.35 p.m.
No. 8, daily	10.45 p.m.

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Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo R'y

TIME CARD.

Taking Effect Nov. 18th, 1888.

(Central Time.)

NORTH BOUND.

River Division.	No. 3. Daily except Sunday	No. 7. Daily except Sunday
Lv. Pomeroy	3 35 pm	5 22 am
" Gallipolis	4 12 pm	6 ...
" McArthur Junc	5 5 pm	12, 5 pm

Hocking Valley Division.	No. 1. Daily	No. 3. Daily
Lv. Athens	6 00 am	6 05 pm
" Logan	8 15 am	7 20 pm
" Lancaster	9 30 am	8 31 pm
Ar. Columbus	11 00 am	9 45 pm

Toledo Division	No. 3. Daily	No. 1 Daily
Lv. Columbus	6 00 am	4 00 pm
" Delaware	7 30 am	4 55 pm
" Prospect	8 05 am	5 32 pm
" MARION	8 30 am	6 10 pm
" Up. S'nd'sky	9 13 am	6 45 pm
" Carey	9 30 am	6 55 pm
" Fostoria	10 00 am	7 35 pm
Ar. Toledo	11 20 am	8 50 pm

SOUTH BOUND.

Toledo Division	No. 2 Daily.	No. 4. Daily
Lv. Toledo	7 00 am	5 00 pm
" Fostoria	8 26 am	6 55 pm
" Carey	8 50 am	7 24 pm
" Up. S'nd'sky	9 15 am	8 09 pm
" MARION	9 ... am	8 ... pm
" Prospect	10 15 am	9 09 pm
" Delaware	10 37 am	9 34 pm
Ar. Columbus	11 30 am	10 2 pm

Hocking Valley Division.	No. 4. Daily	No. 2. Daily
Lv. Columbus	8 00 am	4 00 pm
" Lancaster	9 18 am	5 24 pm
" Logan	10 05 am	6 20 pm
Ar. Athens	11 15 am	7 30 pm

River Division.	No. 4. Daily except Sunday	No. 8. Daily except Sunday
Ar. McArthur Jc	12.05 pm	9.22am
" Gallipolis	1 41 pm	1.55pm
" Pomeroy	2.32 pm	3 30pm

NOTE ON RUNNING OF TRAINS.

Trains Nos. 3 and 4 Toledo division, will carry Monarch Parlor Car between Toledo and Columbus.

Direct connections made in Union Depot at Columbus for Newark, Zanesville, Pittsburg, Wheeling, Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia also for Dayton, Cincinnati, Louisville and all points South and Southwest.

☞ Close connections at Toledo for Detroit and all points in Michigan and Canada.

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O. R. CARR General Sup't.

MEN ONLY. Cure for weakness, nervousness, lack of manly vigor, development, confidence, etc. BOOK FREE. Erie Med. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

LONG LIFE.

There is nothing in the world more generally desired than long life yet the majority of people put off caring for their health—not because they are really careless, but because we live our lives at such a pace we have not time to give the subject sufficient thought until we receive a reminder in the shape of a severe illness.

Then, too, we are constantly bewildered by the various schools of medicine, and the physicians who recommend them, and often blunder in our choice of a doctor.

If people only knew that the very best health-keeper, life preserver and disease preventer that has yet been discovered is simmered down into a concentrated and very palatable form in the shape of New Style Pleasant Taste Vinegar Bitters, they would not hesitate a moment to try it.

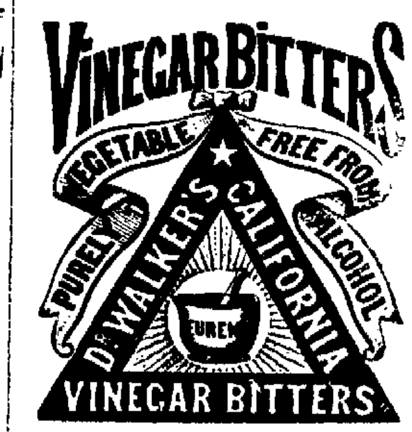
But they do not know. How can they know, when so many not only worthless, but positively injurious drugs are constantly flooding the market under various names and so similar to New Style Vinegar Bitters as to deceive any of them?

They do not know, of course, unless they have the courage to try the New Style. It straightens out a tangled-up system in a very short while, and those who buy it once buy it always.

Why don't you try it, reader? It is sent out by a responsible house and is exactly as represented. It costs but a dollar for a very large bottle. Try it once and you will never be so glad of anything in your life. Your druggist may not have it, but he will order it for you. Be sure it says New Style Pleasant Taste on carton and bottle before you take it. Try it, and you will feel happier than if you had found a gold mine, for it really is a mine—of health.

Free from alcohol and opium; composed of expensive herbs and roots, with a fine, delicate flavoring.

Send for a beautiful book free.



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Always look neat. Equally good for Men's, Women or Child's Shoes. No blacking brush required, no polishing is done in three minutes without labor.

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YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

A HALF HOUR'S PLEASANT READING FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

The Joys of Coasting Told in Rhyme by One Who Does Not Care for Thumps or Bumps So He Can Have a Good Time.

I had rather go a coasting
Than sit by the fire a-roasting!
Won't you go?
For I know how to steer,
And I can take you clear
across the pond,
And away beyond,
And that's not very near!
Won't you go?



WE COAST AND CLIMB.

And what if you do tip over?
The snow is as soft as clover!
Won't you go?
Hang on tight when it jumps
And never mind the bumps!
We coast and climb,
Have a jolly time!
And who cares for the thumps
Won't you go?
—From Little Men and Women

Pigeons Fly.

In the game "Pigeons Fly" the players are seated at a table, and each puts his two forefingers on the board before him. The leader cries out, "Pigeons fly!" and suddenly lifts his hands in the air to imitate the action of flying. All the players have to do likewise. The leader raises his hands each time he calls out a name, but the others must only remove their hands from the table at the names of such creatures as really fly. The leader's object is to entrap them into incurring forfeits by lifting their hands at the wrong time, which, under judicious management, some of them are sure to do. Thus the leader cries in rapid succession—"Crows fly!—Eagles fly!—Gnats fly! Sparrows fly!—Horses fly!" In the excitement of the game some are sure to lift their hands from the table, oblivious of the fact that horses do not fly, and they pay forfeits accordingly.

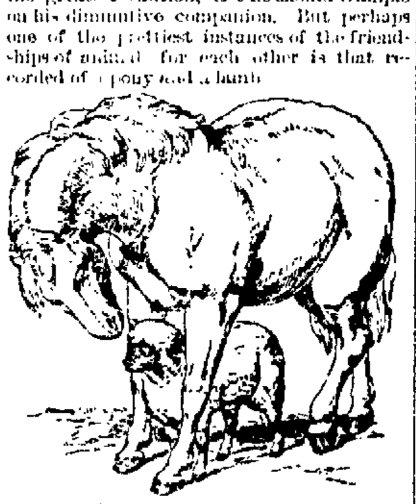
Jack Frost.

Now Jack Frost rides, and his icicle locks
Tinkle and ring in the wind as he goes,
And he bends from his saddle, and kisses so hard
A dear little lad, on his cheek like a rose,

That he cries and flies home to his mamma, and Jack
Steps out by the frame where the roses have been,
And paints some white flowers on the cold window pane,
But never he ventures to follow him in.

Horses' Friendships.

Many horses are of a very affectionate disposition, and not only become attached to their masters and to dogs and goats, but sometimes to animals the most dissimilar to themselves. The naturalist White, of Selborne, tells us that a friend of his had a horse that formed a friendship with a solitary hen, and the two animals spent much of their time together in a lonely orchard. The fowl would approach the quadruped uttering little notes of pleasure, and the horse would look down with satisfaction and move with the greatest caution, lest he should trample on his diminutive companion. But perhaps one of the prettiest instances of the friendships of animals for each other is that recorded of a pony and a lamb.



A WHITE PONY AND LITTLE BLACK FACED LAMB.

A blacksmith named Thomas Rae bought a little black faced lamb and put it into a field wherein there was a cow and a little white Galloway pony. The lamb took no notice of the cow, but soon began to show great fondness for the pony, which returned its affection, and the two friends kept constantly in each other's company. When the pony was used for riding or drawing a cart the lamb would trot beside it, and when at any time the lamb was alarmed by people coming too near to look at it it would run under the body of the pony and pop out its little black face from between the fore legs and look about it in conscious security. At night it slept in the stable, and if it was separated from the pony would raise plaintive bleatings, which the pony answered by mournful neighings. And just as the dog leaves the society of his own kind to follow man, this little lamb forsook its own species that it might associate with its friend, for on one occasion when the blacksmith was riding the pony, the lamb, as usual, trotting beside it, they passed through a large flock of sheep that was being driven along the road, the lamb never heeded the sheep, but went straight through them with the pony. Another time both pony and lamb strayed into an adjoining field, in which there was a flock of sheep feeding. The lamb joined them for a short time, but as soon as the blacksmith came to drive out the pony the lamb followed, without once looking back at its natural companions. We are not told what became of these two friends, but most likely, when the lamb grew into a sheep, they were forcibly separated.

The Largest Sect.

Buddhism has the largest number of votaries in the world, Christianity coming next. Of the Christian denominations the Roman Catholics have the largest number of members.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

The Vatican Residence of the Pope Thirteen Centuries Old.

The Vatican at Rome is a collection of buildings, erected at various times and for different purposes, consisting of a papal residence, a library and a museum. The first residence of the popes was erected by St. Symmachus (498-514). This ancient palace was rebuilt in the Thirteenth century by Innocent III, and greatly enlarged by Nicholas III (1277-1281); but the Lateran continued to be the papal residence, and the Vatican palace was only used on state occasions, and for the reception of any foreign sovereigns visiting Rome. While the popes resided in Avignon, France (1309-1377), the Lateran palace fell into decay; and, for the sake of greater security afforded by the vicinity of the fortress of St. Angelo, it was determined to make the pontifical residence at the Vatican; and the first conclave was held there in 1378. The length of the Vatican palace is 1,151 English feet, its breadth 767 feet. It has eight grand staircases, twenty courts, and is said to contain 11,000 apartments of different sizes. The small portion of the Vatican inhabited by the pope is never seen except by those who are admitted to a special audience. Two hundred and fifty-five popes are reckoned from St. Peter to Pio IX, inclusive. The library of the Vatican was founded by the early popes, but greatly augmented in modern times. It is the oldest and most celebrated library in Europe. The noble hall is of splendid architectural proportions, surrounded by an immense double gallery, the whole adorned with frescoes, busts, statues and columns, but no books or manuscripts are to be seen; they are all inclosed in cabinets of painted wood. The number of printed books does not exceed 40,000; but the collection of manuscripts is the finest in Europe, and is said to amount to upwards of 25,000. The Museum of Art is the finest in the world. Among its paintings are several of the most famous of the old masters; it contains also 10,000 pieces of statuary, yet so ample is the space that it nowhere appears crowded.

Dr. Cox's Reply.

The late Dr. Cox, once an eminent Brooklyn divine, was attending a meeting of the British and Foreign Bible society, at Exeter hall, in his capacity as representative of the American Bible society, with Rev. Dr. William Adams. Just as Dr. Cox entered the hall he listened to a tirade against America, and as the speaker sat down Dr. Cox was called upon. After what the audience had heard about America the doctor's reception was respectfully cold. He said something like the following: "My Lord, twenty days ago I was taken by the tug Hercules from the quay in New York to the good ship Samson, lying in the stream, thus, my lord, going from strength to strength, from mythology to Scripture, by the good hand of the Lord I was brought to your shores in time to reach this house, and to enter in the midst of the burning denunciations of my beloved country that have fallen from the lips of the gentleman who just sat down. He has reproached that country for the existence of slavery which I abhor as much as he. But he did not tell you, my lord, that, when we revolted from your government, one of the reasons alleged was the fact that your land had forced that odious institution upon us in spite of our remonstrances, and that the original sin rests with you and your fathers. And now, my lord, instead of indulging in mutual reproaches, I propose that the gentleman shall be Shem and I will be Japheth, and, taking the mantle of charity, we will walk backward and cover the nakedness of our common ancestors." The effect of this castigation was instantaneous and overwhelming, "and," Dr. Adams said, "the day was won."

An Old Song.

Life is but a strife;
'Tis a bubble, 'tis a dream;
And man is but a little boat
That paddles down the stream.
And pleasure is the waterman
That floats you down the tide,
The passengers are smiling joys,
While sorrow sits beside

When we sail with the gale
We are oft inclined to veer;
But when judgment takes the helm
Through life we'll gayly steer
And when old age, with lazy strides,
Shall drag our boat along—
'Tis then, alas! that we are forced
To quit this busy throng

When again we sail
O'er the waters clear and bright,
May we find as many smiling eyes
As we see here to night.
For woman is the object
Of affection and of care,
And the waterman of life's a fool
If he don't take a fair

"Put to the Boot."

The expression "put to the boot" has its origin in the use in former times of an instrument of torture consisting of a pair of iron boots, into which the legs of the victim were thrust up to the knees. Iron wedges were loosely inserted between the legs and the sides of these boots. A question was then asked the victim. If answered unsatisfactorily, two inquisitors—one to each boot—drove home with a sledge hammer one of the wedges. This was repeated until the legs of the tortured being were crushed. If the answer proved satisfactory to the cruel questioners the victim was released. This instrument is spoken of by Sir Walter Scott, Bishop Burnet and other noted writers, and it is recorded that Queen Elizabeth caused one of her enemies to be subjected to this horrible ordeal

Saw Every President.

Miss Mary Maccribbin, who died recently in Washington, claimed to have seen every president from Washington down to Cleveland. She was born in Annapolis, Md., and lacked but a few years of being a century old. During the war of 1812 she was living in Baltimore city and witnessed the memorable bombardment of Fort McHenry. She was well acquainted with John Howard Payne, and witnessed his first appearance on the stage at Baltimore. She first went to Washington by stage in 1821, the journey from the Monumental City occupying twelve hours.

Hung Where the Big Statue Stands.

Hicks, the pirate, was a sailor who killed the captain and boy on board a small sloop which he sent adrift, taking the yawl boat himself, and landing below Fort Tompkins, S. I. He was arrested in Providence, R. I., by Detective Nevins, of the second precinct police, and Capt. Elias Smith, of The New York Times. He was executed on Bedloe's Island by United States Marshal Rynders in 1860.

A Dead Language.

Latin was formerly the language of the Roman republic and empire, and was spoken over the entire Italian peninsula. It ceased to be a living tongue about the 6th or 7th century of the Christian era, but continued in use as the language of the church, of law and of learning generally, until within the last two centuries.

When the Hudson Closes.

The Hudson river was closed to navigation as follows: Nov. 25, 1880, Dec. 2, ... 1, Dec. 1, 1882, Dec 13, 1883, Dec. 1? 1884, Dec. 13, 1885, Dec. 3, 1886, and Dec. ... 1 8

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

A Few Trenchant Editorials From That Enterprising Sheet.

We take the following from the last issue of The Arizona Kicker:

A DISAPPOINTED MAN.—A tough from New Mexico, who called himself "The Terror of Bloody River," struck our town the other day with a wild yell and started in to foreclose on a mortgage. The boys were mostly asleep or out shooting jack rabbits, but it wasn't over seven minutes after the Terror uttered his first whoop that he lay a wilted daisy on the street. The coroner counted eighteen bullet holes in his body, and humbly observed that there was no call for an inquest.

The age of the Terror has passed. There was a time when it was considered real funny for a tough to capture a town and pop over a dozen leading citizens, and his picture was certain to appear in some illustrated paper as a hero, but that time has gone by. Terrors have become dog cheap, and no one wants to buy.

The coroner has our thanks for his kindness towards us in this particular case. We are trying to grow some catnip and asparagus in our back yard and he gave us the body of the Terror as a fertilizer. We should like three or four more, and trust that our friends will be on the lookout to supply us.

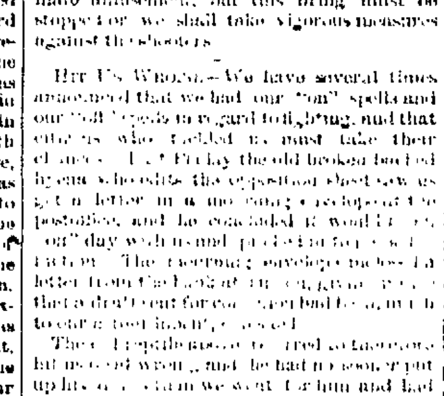
NOT OUR FAULT.—We want it distinctly understood that we had nothing whatever to do with the unfortunate incident that occurred on Jackass Hill last Tuesday evening. Mrs. Gen. Featherstone issued cards for a high coffee, and most of the elite of the town had gathered at her two story adobe, when the sheriff swooped down and took away seven prisoners, mostly charged with horse stealing.

We neither gave them away nor knew that such a raid was intended, but this proves anew the folly of such gatherings. Society wants to show off, of course, but what's the use in collecting a crowd for the benefit of the sheriff?

BECOMING SERIOUS.—Those young men who make a practice of firing into The Kicker office on their way up and down at night may be extracting a great deal of fun over it but we are not. As long as they fired high no particular damage was done except to the stovepipe, but of late several bullets have whistled too close to our couch for comfort. We have been patient and forbearing, not wanting to deprive the boys of any legitimate amusement, but this firing must be stopped or we shall take vigorous measures against the shooters.

HIT US WHO CAN.—We have several times announced that we had our "on" spells and our "off" spells in regard to fighting, and that others who tackled us must take their chances. Last Friday the old broken backed hyena who edits the opposition sheet sent us a letter ... postoffice, and he concluded it would be an "on" day with us and ... a ... victim. The enormity ... a letter from the Kicker ... that a dead cent for ... to ... The ... but ... up his ... we went for him and had him ... miles. He says ... yesterday that he thought we were trying to draw a gun on him, but that is too thin. What he really thought was that we had hit him with a ton of granite.—Detroit Free Press.

Deficient in Table Etiquette.



Uncle Rastus (at dinner)—Dar, you young rascal, take dat coffee ... de table.

Aunt Dinah—Yes, an' I done tol you not to be yanked ... chicken broff fram de end ob de spoon ... ob from de side. When you grows up, ... ebery body 'll take yo' fur a low down ... what ... had no ... larned to him.—New York Sun.

Seeking Something Deep.

A lady a day or two ago went into a store where they are selling books wonderfully cheap every day, and approaching a counter over which a charming young saleswoman presided asked:

"Have you got 'John Halifax'?"

"No," was the saleswoman's reply; "we're just out of 'John Halifax,' but here's 'John Nicholson,' will that do?"

The lady thought it would not do.

But the little saleswoman was determined to effect a sale. So she went on: "Do you like deep books, ma'am? Here's 'Ten Thousand Leagues Under the Sea;' that's a very deep novel!"

Altogether that book counter was productive of more fun that morning than half the farces, burlesques and comedies going.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Making It a Clean Sweep.

Senior Partner (to office boy)—What makes the cashier so late this morning?

"He's taken all the cash and gone to Montreal, sir."

"Where's the clerk?"

"He's skipped to Spain with all the silverware, sir."

"Well, what ... ?"

"Gone to Europe with the gold watches, sir."

"Good ... as long as all the rest ... diamonds and ... South America ... by the way, you can take that basket there, but it with nickel watches and ... over to Jersey."—Jewelers' Weekly.

A Tiresome Caller.

Mrs. Winks—Hold the baby a moment, there's a dear. I want to put back these pictures I got out for Mrs. Minks to look at. Such a tiresome creature as she is! She was here for nearly half an hour this afternoon, and did nothing but talk about the baby."

Mr. Winks—Bless his little heart! So the ladies come and sit and admire and talk about the little cherub, do they? Of course, they do, they can't help it ...

Mrs. Winks—Gracious, no! It wasn't my baby she talked about; it was her own.—Philadelphia Record.

A Successful Experiment.

Mrs. Westend—Well ... dear, have you fixed Miss Lakeside's room so she will feel at home?

Mrs. Westend—Yes, ... and I know she'll be delighted. When she enters her room she will instantly feel as if she were right in the middle of Chicago ...

"Indeed! What have you done?"

"I have coated the walls with lamp black."—Philadelphia Record.

Humor on the Pacific Coast.

Browbeating Lawyer (to opposing witness)—Were you ever arrested for felony?

The Witness (desperately)—Yes.

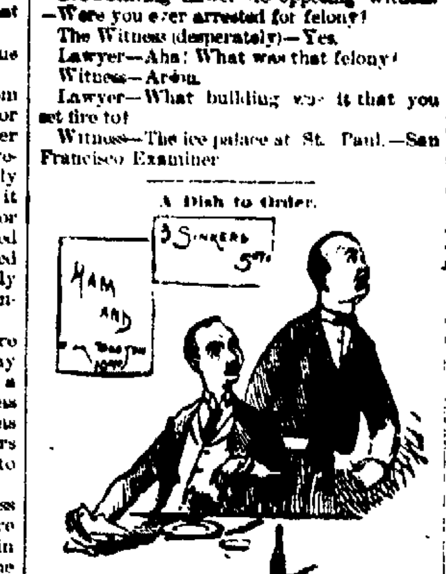
Lawyer—Aha! What was that felony?

Witness—Arson.

Lawyer—What building was it that you set fire to?

Witness—The ice palace at St. Paul.—San Francisco Examiner.

A Dish to Order.



Young man (in coffee and cake restaurant)—Aw—have you finger bowls, waiter?

Waiter—Yes, sir; but we don't have very many calls for them."

Young Man—Aw—well—bring me one, please.

Waiter—Ay, ay, sir. (Vociferously)—One wash basin, with a slice of yellow digester on the inside.—The Epoch.

The Conqueror Conquered.

In southern archipelagoes he'd fought the bloody cannibal;
He'd skinned and tanned the crocodile and found him very tanable;
Not a word of fear he'd uttered, not a word and not a syllable,
When he killed the Bengal tiger, and he found him very killable.

He claimed his strength was very great, for bears and lions suitable;
He used to boot the grizzly bear, and found him very bootable;
He claimed in killing monstrous snakes, that he was very capable,
No boa constrictor could escape, for he was uncapable.

In fighting hippopotami, he said he was invincible,
No jaguar could make him wince, because he wasn't winceable;
He made the rumping elephant no longer recognizable,
And pulverized the roaring bull, and found him pulverizable.

Just then his wife came in and said "I'd think it quite commendable
If you'd come and 'tend the baby, and you'll find him very tendable."
The way she took him by the ear would make the poet cry, he;
She pulled him out and led him home, and found him very leadable.

S. W. Foss in Yankee Blade.

Improving a Proverb.

"I've always admired proverbs, my dear," Mr. Dusenberry said, as he rubbed his chin in a contemplative way. "They are chock full of significance. They are laconic and logical. Now, for instance, there is the saying, 'Straws show which way the wind blows.' What could more tersely—"

"Yes," interrupted Mrs. Dusenberry with a twinkle in her starboard eye. "If you'd sift the ashes every morning, instead of letting me sift them, you'd know more about the direction of the wind than all the straws in creation would show you."—Detroit Free Press.

It Was the House.

A girl about 5 years of age was wandering around on Croghan street the other day when a policeman espied her and asked:

"Where are you going sissy?"

"Going home."

"Where is your home?"

"I can't find it."

"Can't you? Then I'm afraid you are lost."

"Oh, no, I ain't," she promptly replied. "I'm right here, but home is lost. I wish you'd be good and find it for me."—Detroit Free Press.

A Sure Sign of Wealth.

"Bjones must be making money fast," said Dr. Bromide to Dr. Blank.

"How so?" asked Dr. Blank. "What makes you think so?"

"I don't think so," said Dr. Bromide, "I know so. I paid Bjones half a dozen professional visits a month ago, and yesterday I sent in my bill. Today I got a check."—Somerville Journal.

A Joke in a Dead Language.

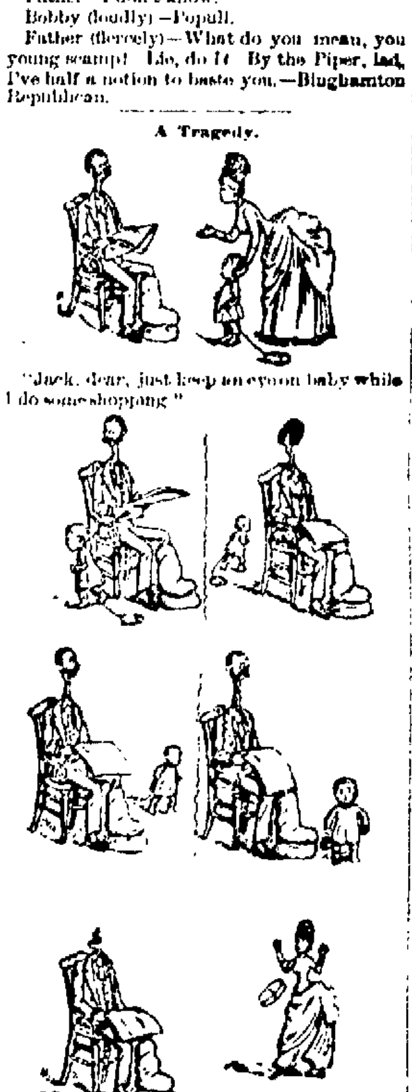
Bobby (proud of his progress in Latin)—Pop, what's the Latin for people?

Father—I don't know.

Bobby (loudly)—Populi.

Father (fiercely)—What do you mean, you young scamp! Lie, do I? By the Piper, lad, I've half a notion to baste you.—Binghamton Republican.

A Tragedy.



"Jack, dear, just keep an eye on baby while I do some shopping."

—Scribner's Magazine

Self Torture.

Ed—Yes, I admit that I frequently talk to myself.

Al—How bored you must be.—Time.

Dr. C. McLane's Celebrated LIVER PILLS WILL CURE SICK HEADACHE.

A few doses taken at the right time will often save a severe spell of sickness. Price only 25 cents at any drug store. Be sure and see that DR. C. McLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa., is on the box. None other is Genuine.

Use IVORY POLISH for the Teeth, PERFUMES THE BREATH.

H. J. SCHOLL

MANUFACTURER

—AND—

Wholesale Dealer

IN

Choice Cigars

Everybody smokes his make of cigars.



The greatest of all pocket remedies, for hoarseness, loss of voice, Bronchitis, Asthma, and tickling cough. 25 cents.

FREE. $85 Solid Gold Watch. Sold for $100, until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. One Person in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send Free, and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the Watch and Samples. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.

LADIES

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home, with

Peerless Dyes

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. 40 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by L. H. FLOCKEN, or H. C. HOBERMAN & CO.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A NEW BOOK ON DEBILITY & ATROPHY. Explains only method to enlarge and strengthen all weak, stunted, undeveloped organs and parts of body. Also quickest, surest cure for nervous, sexual and general physical debility and decay. The effects of early errors and later excesses, weakness of body and mind, nocturnal losses, nervousness, impotence, etc., CURED. Every condition of robust noble manhood fully restored, unless beyond human aid. Men testify from 47 States and Territories and foreign countries. You can write them. Treatment is so absolutely unfailing as our human agency can be. This book mailed (sealed) free of charge. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

DISEASES OF MEN ONLY

Blood Poison, Diseases of Kidneys, Bladder and other organs, Weakness, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood results of Errors of Youth are speedily and permanently cured. Consultation and treatise (sealed) free by mail. Address DR. GRINDLE, 171 W. 12th St., New York.

The CHICAGO and ATLANTIC RAILWAY

Continues to be the

MOST POPULAR LINE

Between all points East and West. Its trains are composed of the Finest Day Coaches and Palatial Pullman Sleeping Cars, and run over a smooth, well ballasted roadbed. No other line offers more complete facilities. Direct connections made in Union Depots, thus avoiding inconvenient transfers at unreasonable hours. The rates via this line are as

LOW as the LOWEST!

Ask for Tickets via the

CHICAGO AND ATLANTIC

And your journey will be one of Comfort and Pleasure.

TIME TABLE.

EASTWARD.

	No. 8.	No. 12.	No. 10.	No. 30.
Lv. Chicago	1.00pm	7.45pm	7.45am	....
" Englewood	4.25pm	8.15pm	8.15am	4.25am
" Hammond	4.57pm	8.45pm	8.45am	6.42am
" Crown Poi't	....	9.15pm	9.17am	8.45am
" Kouts	....	9.51pm	10.08am	10.55am
" No. Judson	....	10.20pm	10.31am	
" Rochester	7.05pm	11.17pm	11.40am	
" Akron	....	11.34pm	12.01pm	
" Bolivar	....	....	12.31pm	
Ar. Huntington	5.15pm	12.45am	1.15pm	
Lv. Huntington	8.25pm	12.50am	1.30pm	5.30am
" Kingsland	....	....	2.08pm	6.50am
" Decatur	9.14pm	1.48am	2.30pm	8.25am
" Enterprise	....	2.17am	3.02pm	9.38am
" Spencerv'le	....	2.34am	3.31pm	11.00am
" Lima	10.25pm	3.08am	4.02pm	1.00pm
" Preston	....	....	4.34pm	2.05pm
" Kenton	11.05pm	4.00am	5.03pm	4.23pm
Ar. Marion	11.50pm	4.45am	6.00pm	6.40pm
" New York	10.55pm	8.15am	.....	.....
" Boston	8.00am	8.10pm	.....	.....

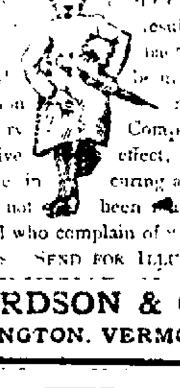
WESTWARD.

	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 1.	No. 33.
Lv. Marion	12.55pm	1.53pm	8.00am	.....
" Kenton	1.35am	2.2?pm	8.43am	6.15am
" Preston	....	....	9.08am	7.55am
" Lima	2.18am	3.12pm	9.40am	9.40am
" Spencerv'le	....	....	10.05am	11.05pm
" Enterprise	1.43am	....	10.34am	1.05pm
" Decatur	2.14am	4.25pm	11.06am	2.30pm
" Kingsland	....	....	11.34am	3.40pm
Ar. Huntington	3.02am	5.10pm	12.15pm	6.01pm
Lv. Huntington	3.07am	5.15pm	12.50pm	4.45am
" Bolivar	....	....	1.08pm	6.05am
" Akron	....	....	1.37pm	7.00am
" Rochester	4.27am	6.15pm	2.01pm	7.55am
" No. Judson	5.24am	....	3.04pm	11.15am
" Kouts	....	....	3.24pm	12.30pm
" Crown Poi't	6. 8am	....	4.15pm	2.05pm
" Hammond	7.00am	8.??pm	4.57pm	4.57pm
" Englewood	7.30am	9.00pm	5.35pm	6.12pm
Ar. Chicago	8.00am	9.30pm	6.05pm	.....

☞ Train 12 stops on signal only at North Judson, Akron and Enterprise, and train 3 stops on signal only at Enterprise.

S. THOMAS, Gen'l Manager. F. C. DONALD, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

My Poor Back!



That "poor back" ... is one of the sufferings of mankind. If your leg ... you ... the doctor. On the same principle the kidneys ... weakness, impure blood, and resulting constipation. These ... do extraordinary work in ridding the system of the poisons which ... result of ... matter retained in the blood. Then the sufferer says "... back aches; the kidneys are diseased." "Not yet;" ... the nerves are strengthened, the blood purified, and the constipation removed. These are the causes of kidney troubles, and Paine's Celery Compound removes them quickly. With its tonic, purifying, and laxative effect, it also strengthens the weak kidneys, making it almost infallible in curing all diseases of the nerves and kidneys. If your hopes of cure have not been realized, try Paine's Celery Compound; it gives perfect health to all who complain of "their poor backs." Price $1.00.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PAPER.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors
BURLINGTON, VERMONT.

$1,000 Reward!

FOR EVERY CASE OF

Nasal or Post Nasal Catarrh

—THAT—

DR. LIVINGSTON'S

POSITIVE CURE FOR CATARRH

FAILS TO CURE.

Every bottle is guaranteed or money refunded when our rules and instructions are carried out in full. The only catarrh medicine of merit, and the only Company that gives you this chance. This is to show the public that we do not come before the people with a worthless nostrum, but one of merit. Do not let your druggist sell you a bottle unless it has our guarantee on same. For sale by all drug trade. **Price, $1.00 Per Bottle.** If your druggist does not have it, send $1, and we will pay express charges.

LIVINGSTON MEDICINE CO., - DAYTON, OHIO.

SALESMEN WANTED—NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY. Permanent positions guaranteed. SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID. Peculiar advantages to beginners. Stock complete including many fast-selling specialties. OUTFIT FREE. We guarantee what we advertise. Write at once to Brown Bros., Nurserymen, Rochester, N.Y. (This house is reliable.)

NewspaperARCHIVE®

THE ANNUAL FEAST

For our many customers began with the new year. As the dying embers of '88 were fanned into the new, blazing light of '89, prices went down at our store for the annual January

Clearance Sale!

Those who took advantage of the bargains in the sale one year ago will hail this announcement with joy, for they know it means DRY GOODS SO CHEAP that the poor grow rich. Those who have not yet attended these sales are invited to call and see what a bona fide reduction sale is.

THE ARGUMENT

Is this: The first week in February we begin our annual invoice: every merchant desires to rush out the goods just prior to that time, and the dry goods merchant especially likes to boom things. He wants room for new stock, wants to sell his remnants—so much more valuable to a customer than him, and always sold at a great sacrifice: he wants business to rush in a dull season, and of course he cuts prices in an attractive way to the customer. To be brief, "Prices are at Half-mast," so to speak, at our store, and the clerks are ordered to give you goods so low that you will rejoice with full arms for a little money. Call and see what a bona fide clearance sale is—there is one going on now, first door west of P. O.

Frash

FOR RENT. True building, just east of Methodist Church, large double store room and warehouse or will divide into two store rooms, also two first rooms in second story and eight rooms in third story, separately or together. Look at the room and liberal terms. HARRY TRUE. 31tf

FOR RENT.—House of 4 rooms on East street, second door north of railroad. J. G. FAIRBANKS.

FOR RENT—Two rooms furnished or unfurnished. Enquire of Mrs. E. D. Bunker, 76 south Main street. 51 tf

FOR SALE—An excellent organ. Price reasonable. Enquire of Mrs. L. D. Bunker. 51 tf

LOST—A black and tan rat terrier pup, answering to the name of "Fritz." Is about six months old. A suitable reward will be paid for his return to the Probate Judge's office.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms at No. 78 north East street. 31 tf

Additional local on 2d page

—Extra large Golden Heart celery. 50t4 FIREW & MANZ

—Mr. Chas. Durr, of Millersburg, O., is the guest of his cousins Dr. H. [illegible] and F. [illegible]

—Upmann's cigars are conceded to be the best. Oriental and Bouquet at [illegible] Dennison & Co.

Smoke Upmann's [illegible] cigar, the best smoke in the world. [illegible] DENNISON & C[illegible]

M. and J. E. Waddel were at Leroy, O., Wednesday, attending the annual meeting of the Old Farmers Insurance Company.

—Miss Mary Bunker will resume her class in drawing and painting Monday, Jan. 14, at 1 p. m. Studio at her residence No. 76 south Main street.

—The Malleable Iron Co. Directors have made Mr. Huber their President, but the Gen'l Manager and Secretary and Treasurer are not yet announced. They will all be new men.

—The meetings at Christian Church are very well attended. There were two baptisms Wednesday night. Subject for tonight—"Christ by the Door of Prophecy." All cordially invited.

—Huntington Herald: A C. and A. freight train going east had a mishap at [illegible] Sunday evening. A lumber car broke down and caused the derailment of several [illegible] and the locomotive. No one hurt.

—"Don't forget Cunningham, the [illegible] Watch for his agent. He will be among [illegible] taking orders. All goods guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. [illegible] is something new. Patronize him.

—For the information of those who [illegible] gently kicking on the absence of street lights Tuesday and Wednesday nights we wish to say the Electric Light Co. is not at fault. The great and very [illegible] light schedule didn't [illegible]

—Do you want this? A good residence of six rooms with good finish throughout, well and cistern, walks, coal house, etc. Location pleasant. Price, $[illegible] cash, balance on easy payments. CHASE & HUNTER.

The most pleasant [illegible] Steam [illegible] Works [illegible] from [illegible]

[illegible] short [illegible] band.

Chase & Hunter moved [illegible] office today [illegible] and H. M. [illegible] & Co. moved [illegible]

[illegible] agent is said to have skipped with [illegible] paper and $100 in money.

The funeral of Mrs. [illegible] occurred from the residence of George [illegible] on the [illegible] Friday forenoon at [illegible] Rev. R. Wallace [illegible]

H. [illegible] Smiley received a [illegible] Wednesday, announcing the death of Joseph Zack, an old resident of Marion county [illegible] Kent [illegible]

The [illegible] stock train between Kansas City and [illegible] [illegible] brakes [illegible] twenty [illegible]

[illegible] of Kenton [illegible] cards [illegible] nesday, Jan. [illegible]

Charles O[illegible] a doctor at H. M. [illegible] has been over [illegible] among his friends [illegible] His relapse [illegible]

—Charles Stewart [illegible] Toledo this morning [illegible] wind was so strong [illegible] was blown out of the [illegible] the ships left stand [illegible]

S. L. Davis, charged with [illegible] battery, for whipping [illegible] daughter, had a hearing [illegible] Payne on Wednesday [illegible]

—An eclipse of the [illegible] January 17th at [illegible]

[illegible]

EXTENDING THE LIMITS.

The Ordinance Passes Extending the Corporation Limits—Damages Claimed

The annexation ordinance passed the Council at the adjourned session Wednesday night without a dissenting voice, and [illegible] every reason to expect the County Commissioners will continue the work of extension without delay. The ordinance provides that the limits on the east and west be extended three quarters of a mile each way, thus lengthening the corporation one and one half miles, and extends the lines on the north and south a half mile each way, an extension of [illegible] mile. When the extension shall have been completed Marion's corporate area will be three miles long and two and one half miles wide, containing seven and one half square miles of territory.

The extension on the south takes in nothing worthy of note, but the factories and railroad yards and [illegible] on the west extension. Oak H[illegible] [illegible] on the northwest, growing North Marion on the north and [illegible] Sunnyside and College Hill [illegible] east and Marion corporation [illegible] The [illegible] for the Congress there at[illegible]

Jacob Maag, through [illegible] presented a claim for $[illegible] damages [illegible] sustained by a [illegible] on a defective sidewalk on West street. Atty Dowd [illegible] [illegible] the Council will never entertain even an idea of allowing a claim of that kind.

—Cleveland Times: A packed house witnessed the first production in this city of Dan McCarthy's Irish play entitled "True Irish Hearts." The scenery and the piece are good, especially the Killarney set. Of the cast, Mr Reynolds, as Lanty Lannigan, easily leads. He has a magnificent stage presence, a clear, strong baritone voice, which he uses to good advantage, his selection of Irish ballads meeting with great favor at the hands of his audience. [illegible] a good heron, actor and made a distinct hit. W. Kitts, as Batt Mooney, is deserving of mention. The soubrette part of Kattie Brady was well taken care of by Miss Kitty Coleman, while in the second act Mr. Daniel McCarthy as the old fisherman gave an exhibition of Irish jig and reel dancing that we can safely say has never been excelled on the local stage, he being ably supported in his specialty by Miss Coleman and Miss Mamie Clark, both excellent dancers. Little Dannie, in the child's part of Bright Eyes, won all hearts by his innocent prattle and actions.

—We have a letter from our esteemed friend James F. Swinnerton, in which he states that he has accepted a position taking charge of the interests of the Kingsland & Douglas Manufacturing Company in Texas and Western Louisiana. Mrs. S. will join him in the land of "sweet magnolias," making it their future home. [illegible]

Dr. [illegible] Stacy is able to be about again after four weeks' confinement on account of the injuries sustained by a fall, and Mrs. Stacy is convalescing after two weeks' [illegible] with cold and catarrhal trouble. The Doctor hopes to be able to wait upon his patients after this week.

Delaware Gazette: Geo. D. Copeland, of Marion, was in the city yesterday. Hon. W. Z. Davis, a well known legal light of Marion, arrived in our city yesterday and is attending court. [illegible] Johnston, a well known attorney of Marion, [illegible] at [illegible]

Delaware Gazette: The genial [illegible] of our esteemed friend, Dr. [illegible] Houghton, a well known and popular [illegible] of Marion, was seen upon our streets yesterday. [illegible]

Removed January 10th, 1889

[illegible] Farmers' Insurance office [illegible] been this day removed to the room formerly occupied by Chase & Hunter, Bennett block, Marion, O., where we shall be glad to meet [illegible] our patrons who wish insurance on farm property or city dwellings.

Assets nearly $1,500,000

[illegible] all liabilities $425,1[illegible]

JACOBY & CO., Agents

A CLEAN SWEEP!

Winter Goods of every description, Cloaks, Dress Goods, Blankets, Short Lengths & Remnants,

At prices that sell them at sight. See the prices on

Prints, Cottons and Ginghams.

WARNER & EDWARDS

A SPACE OF ACCIDENTS

J. S. Dudley Loses the Tips of Two Fingers and Brakeman Harding Gets Caught in a Switch Frog

J. S. Dudley, the well known [illegible] at Rapp & Co's saddlery, lost the tips of the ends of two fingers of his left hand Wednesday afternoon. He was busy at work at the bench, cutting leather with a very sharp round knife, when the knife suddenly slipped and ran into his left hand. It struck the first and middle fingers, cutting off the tips and just grazing the bones. Mr. Dudley's wounds do not keep him from work but in the future he will [illegible] the possessor of two short fingers.

F. S. Harding, a brakeman on the Erie, was assisting in doing some switching in the West End yards Wednesday afternoon when he caught his foot in a frog and the approaching cars ran over him before he could extricate himself. His [illegible] was so caught, however, that he only sustained a severe sprain to his ankle and had one toe badly crushed. After having his wound dressed by Drs. Sweney and Rhu he was taken to his home in Galion.

California Excursion

On Jan 2[illegible], 1889, Mr. G. W. Van Alstine, [illegible] southern California exhibit at Ohio Centennial, will run another one of his popular excursions to the Golden State. The excursionists will leave Columbus on the morning of January 2[illegible]th. At Chicago passengers will take new tourist sleepers recently put in service, and be carried through without change. Any one contemplating taking this trip should write at once to Mr. G. W. Van Alstine, No. 1 North High street, Columbus, O., for maps, pamphlets and full information relative to the excursion.

H. [illegible] FARKENBACH, G. P. A.

—All sizes and kinds of both hard and soft coals can be had at F. B. Gurney's, No. 15 north East street. Call on him. [illegible]

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One Night Only,

Saturday, Jan. 12th,

Dan. McCarthy & J. E. McCall's Co.

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An Irish Picturesque Drama in Five Acts, by DAN. McCARTHY.

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New Music!

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THE BEST

Irish Comedy Drama

[illegible] Endorsed by Press [illegible] [illegible] U. S. and Canada [illegible] well known character artists. Admission 25, 35 and 50 cts.

Reserved seats now on sale at Tristram & Young's.

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My old patrons and the new ones are invited to call.

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FRESH RAW OYSTERS,

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The Greatest Sale of Our Life!

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Our sole aim is to reduce our immense stock of suits. Profits are not considered in this tearing down and rebuilding sale. I am compelled to sell these suits, since I don't know what else to do with them when I have to vacate this store.

The Overcoats which are here yet (I have only 65 overcoats left), if you find one to suit, you can buy it for half what it is worth, but go they must and will. With me it is compulsion, the goods must either be sold or packed away. I would sooner sell them at any price than stow them away.

Besides Suits and Overcoats, I will sell you all goods, such as Shirts, Hats and Caps, Underwear of all descriptions, Gloves, Mitts and Neckwear, at much cheaper prices than ever.

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TRISTRAM & YOUNG'S,

Commencing January 5, and continuing 30 days,

At a reduction of **15** PER CENT. on our entire stock of Boots and Shoes, Rubber Goods not included. The reason we offer such bargains is: We expect to overhaul and remodel our room before the spring stock arrives, and in order to make these changes we will be compelled to reduce our stock one-half.

Call and examine our goods, whether you wish to buy or not, and be convinced that this is no advertising scheme.

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